P & O

Tho' 10 Years Old is only

Rs. 30 a DOZEN.

AT ALL DEALERS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,073—New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, OCTOBER, 19, 1900.

Milkmaid LARGEST SALE in the WORLD. BRAND Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY, 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1900.
M.L. CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	20th Oct.
* PENINSULAR	5087	T. Leigh	27th "
M.L. CHINA	7912	T. S. Angus	3rd Nov.
* ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	10th "
M.L. EGYPT	7912	C. F. Preston	17th "
* PENINSULAR	5247	T. Leigh	24th "
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	1st Dec.
* ORIENTAL	5284	J. F. Jephson	8th "
M.L. PERSIA	8000	W. A. Wheler	15th "
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	22nd "
M.L. SOBRAON	7382	L. M. Wibmer	29th "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London. Passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The Steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to Sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of Sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M., and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent. P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 29th September, 1900.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail on
BABSBURG	R. Mitis	4,016	1st Nov., 1900.
IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	4,194	1st Dec. 1900.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600.	Rs. 375.	Rs. 158.

TO TRIESTE, VIA KURRACHEE, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID AND FIUME.

Steamer.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail
VINDOBONA	G. Klausberger	4,351	in Jan., 1901.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 375	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 930.	Rs. 575.
Available for 12 months	" 1,060.	" 695.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Steamers leave TRIESTE for BOMBAY direct on the 3rd and those via KURRACHEE on the 23rd of each month.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
GISELA	F. Mecsea	4,253	25th Oct. 1900,

A Primage of 10 per cent. is collected on all Passages.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E SCARPA, Agent.

Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 1 Oct., 1900.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
INDUS	6,357	Duchatean	25th Oct., 1900.
SYDNEY	4,232	Aubert	22nd Nov., 1900.
ANNAM	6,208	Poydonot	20th Dec., 1900.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "OCEANIEN," 4,259 tons, Captain ..... to sail on or about the 15th Nov. 1900.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

For further Particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.

New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY,

GRINDLAY & Co.,
CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSAGES booked without charge, and on favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING Car and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
TEA PLANTERS, RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, booked at reduced rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND *via* JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and of Sailings by all Lines sent FREE on Application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

London Agents: GRINDLAY & CO.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to The Manager "Bombay Gazette," Steam Press.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on the 19th October, at 2 p. m., or later on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR COAST AND KARACHI.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on the 23rd October, at 10 a.m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole Porbundar, and Cutch Mandvie, (weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,536 tons, at 10 a.m., on the 29th October, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR ADEN, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, AND LAMU.

S. S. "GOA," 1,903 tons, on or about 29th October.

FOR KARACHI, SEYCHELLES, MOMBASA, AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "SCINDIA," 2,729 tons, on or about 9th November.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "MERKARA," 3,099 tons, on or about 25th October.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 18th October, 1900.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged and best available Berths secured at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O. and all other Steamers, FREE OF CHARGE for COMMISSION.

LATEST LIST of SAILINGS, Fares and full information furnished by return of post on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers Travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

EVERY ASSISTANCE rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA or BRINDISI and VENICE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
S.S. Dco. BALDUINO.	4,580	O. Canepa	15th Nov.
" R. RUBATTINO.	4,580	M. Saporite	15th Dec.

BOMBAY TO VENICE DIRECT.

CALLING AT ALEXANDRIA AND BRINDISI.

		Or about
S.S. ——		27th January, 1901.
S.S. ——		24th February, 1901.
S.S. ——		27th March, 1901.
S.S. ——		26th April, 1901.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	Single Tickets, 4 months.	Return Tickets, 6 months.	9 months.	12 months.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1st Class	560	825	880	935	1,000
2nd "	325	500	525	550	600
3rd "	150	..	..	..	..

A primage of 10 per cent. is collected on all passages.

Passengers have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice, or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port, resuming it by subsequent steamers of Bombay or other Weekly and Daily Local Lines.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

S.S. HORMIDA, Tons 3,000, from BOMBAY to HONGKONG calling at Singapore, on the 17th November, 1900.

F. BALDOVINO, Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

BOMBAY—ZANZIBAR.

THE following Vessel will SAIL:—

Vessel.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail on
SETOS	1746	Carstens	26th Oct,

Taking Cargo and Passengers for MOMBASSA, TANGA, DARESALAM, ZANZIBAR, and all Eastern Ports of Africa upto DELAGOA BAY.

For Rates and passage apply to

WILLIAM M. BELL,
Acting Agent.
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road.

Bombay, 5th Oct., 1900.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

S. S. "UMBALLA," ...5,310 tons....Sailing about 30th Oct.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 11th Oct. 1900.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,

15, BANK STREET,

THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES THE

BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS

FOR PERUSAL IN THE

MORNING AND NOON

AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION

ALSO

HOME-PAPERS AND MAGAZINES.

Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers.

FOR TERMS APPLY TO

VINCENT AND COMPANY.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,

IMPORTERS AND PURVEYORS OF HIGH CLASS

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

THE Goods sold by the Company are warranted to be the Best of their several kinds. They are procured only from Houses most in repute and being frequently imported, and in small Parcels, Customers may always rely upon their Freshness.

SPECIAL TERMS ARE OFFERED TO

MESSES AND C UBS.

TREACHER & Co.'s MONTHLY STORE CATALOGUE WITH ALL DETAILS AND PRICES WILL BE SENT ON APPLICATION.

BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

FRENCH STORES.

TRUFFLED SAUSAGES.
CHOUCROUTE GARNI.
ANCHOVIES IN OIL.
THOU IN OIL.
ROYANS A LA BORDELAISE.
PATE DE FOIES GRAS.
PREPARED FRENCH MUSTARD.
FRENCH SAUCES.
ASPARAGUS EXTRA FINE.
MUSHROOMS DE PARIS.
MACEDOINE DE LEGUMES.
PETITS POIS, EXTRA Quality.
ASPARAGUS POINTES.
TRUFFES DU PERIGORD.
TRUFFES PIECES FOR COOKING.
COCKS COMBS.
GUENELLES GARNITURE FINANCIER.

SPANISH AND FRENCH OLIVES.

BEST YORK HAMS, boiled in cut ..... Rs. 2-8 Per lb.
BEST WILTSHIRE BACON, in flitch ..... Rs. 1-0 Per lb.

The above Stores, &c., guaranteed the best obtainable in the Home and Continental Houses.

FELICE CORNAGLIA,

IMPORTER OF

HIGH CLASS STORES.

83, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., LD.,

Having purchased the entire Stock-in-Trade of

MESSRS. BOLTON & CO.

Offer the

SURPLUS STOCK

At a GREAT REDUCTION to Cash Purchasers.

Bargains in

JEWELLERY,
PLATED-WARE,
CROCKERY,
TOYS,
FANCY-GOODS.
WALKING STICKS.
WHIPS, &c., &c., &c.

A FEW HIGHLY FINISHED.

SHOW CASES & CUPBOARDS.

FOR SALE.

KEMP & Co., LD.,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY,
UNDER BOMBAY CLUB.

S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co.,

FINANCIAL AGENTS AND GENERAL BROKERS.

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

TRANSACT EVERY KIND OF PERSONAL AGENCY, PARTICULARLY :—

NATIVE STATE AGENCY.—The Sovereigns, Princes, Chiefs, Nobles, and Jaghirdars of Native States will best consult their interests by employing this Firm as their BOMBAY AGENTS.

HOUSE, LAND, and ESTATE AGENCY.—A Register kept of Houses, &c., wanted, and of all properties in the Market, which affords the best means of meeting the requirements of VENDORS, PURCHASERS, and all who wish to HIRE or LET HOUSES, OFFICES, &c.

ADVANCES on fixed and equitable mortgages (deposit of title deeds).

LOANS on every description of tangible or good personal security. Secrecy and dispatch guaranteed

MOFUSSIL AGENCY.—Up-country residents will find it greatly to their advantage to place all their ORDERS and COMMISSIONS in our hands. W undertake to execute them with care and fidelity and to give complete satisfaction.

GOVERNMENT PAPER, Stocks and Shares, bought and sold, and advice given as to investments.

RECOVERY of OUTSTANDINGS, RENT and DEBTS collected and recovered.

PARTNERSHIP and BUSINESS AGENCY.—Partnerships negotiated. Partners with capital introduced. Capital procured for starting businesses. Purchases and Sales of businesses negotiated.

NEGOTIATIONS, PRIVATE ENQUIRIES, SETTLEMENTS UNDER ARBITRATION, skilfully conducted.

NOTE.—Under Section 37 of the Civil Procedure Code, and under Power of Attorney, Messrs S. R. BOTTLEWALLA and Co. act as the recognised Agents of mofussil constituents, thus saving them the necessity of coming to Bombay to file and conduct their cases.

FIRE and LIFE INSURANCES effected with the best Offices and at the most favourable rates.

CHARGES: Moderate. TERMS on Application.

SAVE TIME, TROUBLE, MONEY, AND TEMPER, BY SENDING ALL YOUR ORDERS AND COMMISSIONS TO

S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co.,

WHO WILL EXECUTE THEM WITH THE UTMOST PROMPTITUDE, CARE, AND ATTENTION.

OFFICES:
17, BANK STREET, FORT, BOMBAY
(Over Crawford and Co.)
RESIDENCE
CONTRACTOR'S BUILDINGS,
GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great Poets by W. E. H. PRICE. Re. 1. Postage Annas 4. To be had at this Office

"NEUBERG'S CHEROOTS."

NEW SHIPMENT OF

TRICHINOPOLY CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

"Well rolled and well flavoured they bear off the palm,
They soothe leisure moments and anger disarm,
From the crown of your hat to the soles of your boots
You feel that there's virtue in Neuberg's Cheroots."

Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks which are simply *unapproachable* as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.

Parcels for Friends at Home made up on Shortest possible Notice.

SPECIAL REGARD FOR DUTIABLE WEIGHTS!!

FLOR DE JAVAS,

Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS.

FREE DRAUGHT,
SPLENDID CONDITION,
PUREST TOBACCO.

"TORPEDO SPECIALS,"
"PLANTERS,"
"GYMKHANAS,"
"KAISERS,"
"GOLCONDAS, BAHADURS,"
"U. S. REEDS,"

And all the present leading Indian Brands

FOREIGN CIGARS.

"SPOTTED CABANAS,"
The Genuine Article. Very Choice.

REAL BURMAH CHEROOTS.
Direct from Burmah.
Very finest obtainable.

NEUBERG'S "CONDITIONERS" for the MONSOON,
Keeps Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos in perfect condition.

J. NEUBERG,
51, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

DOCTOR MENIST SPECTACLES.

REVISED PRICES.

	Gold. Rs.	Silver Rs.	Steel & Nickel Rs.
With Turnpin Side	60	38	18
With Single Temple	50	24	12
With Cur	50	24	16
Folders or Pince-Nez	50	24	13

SPECTACLES AND FOLDERS FITTED WITH MARCKS AND CO'S.

Finest quality PEBBLES, at a REDUCTION of Rs. 5 on above Prices for Gold and Silver, and Rs. 4 for Steel.

Our new "Movilleta" Frame which has gained universal admiration

THROUGHOUT INDIA IS WORTH INSPECTING.

Our Celebrated Violet Tinted Sun Glare and Dust Glasses, strongly recommended by all the leading men.

Gold.	Silver.	Nickel.	Steel.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
60	25	12	5

NOTICE.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to all REPAIRS which are executed with the greatest precision and least possible delay. Oculist's prescriptions CAREFULLY PREPARED.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

RACING.

CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

SPECIAL OFFER FOR THE PRESENT.

POONA RACING SEASON.

BEST VALUE
AND
LARGEST SELECTION IN THE TRADE.

HAVING just cleared a large Consignment of Racing Watches and having a large Stock on hand, we have decided to offer our well-known Time-keepers during the present Racing Season at the Special Cash Rates quoted below.

Each Watch possesses all the most recent improvements in this branch of Horology, rendering them absolutely reliable in their action, giving accurate registration to within one-fifth of a second.

The starting, stopping, and fly-back action being regulated by the action of one button, enables the Watch to be used with one hand only, and to be started and stopped while in the pocket when desired.

Every watch is carefully tested and regulated before leaving our hands, and carries a two years' guarantee.

GOLD.

In strong Crystal Face, Gold Case	Rs. 162
With Minute Recorder	" 199

NICKEL.

Crystal Face, with Minute Recorder	" 81
Chronograph, only without Watch Movement	" 28

SILVER.

In strong Silver Double Crystal Face Case, having Time on one side and Chronograph on reverse	Rs. 63 0
With Minute Recorder, Crystal Face	" 85 8
Half Hunting	" 94 8

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

McDOWELL & CO.,

MADRAS.

HAVANA CIGARS.

TO MEET THE DEMAND WHICH WE BELIEVE EXISTS IN INDIA FOR

REAL HAVANA CIGARS.

We have arranged for the regular importation of the undermentioned BRANDS made of the

FINEST
HAVANA TOBACCO

Procurable, and are now in a position to offer them at the following Prices :—

"MULETA" Principes
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 19-12 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 20-8 per 100 in 25's.

"COMPOSIA" Especiales
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 17-1 per 100 in 50's.

"COMPOSIA" Imperatrix
4 3-8 inches. Rs. 22-1 per 100 in 25's.

"MULETA" Graciosos
3 1/2 inches. Rs. 13-4 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 14-2 per 100 in 25's.

ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.

MADRAS AND LONDON.

BECK & CO.'S KAISER BREWERY

KEY MARK PILSENER BEER.

LIGHT, PURE, WHOLESOME.

NONE GENUINE EXCEPT WHEN THE LABLES BEAR THE WORDS.

KAISER BREWERY, BECK & CO.,

HADENFELDT AND CO., CALCUTTA

SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS IN INDIA.

WHOLSALE AGENTS:— H. J. RUSTOMJEE & CO.,

KARACHI AND BOMBAY.

TO BE HAD OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT DEALE

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

SPECIAL EXPRESS TRAIN FOR NERAL, KHANDALA AND LANAULI.

THE SPECIAL EXPRESS TRAIN for NERAL, KHANDALA and LONAULI will leave Victoria Terminus on SATURDAY, the 20th October, 1900, and the return Express Train will leave Lonauli for Victoria Terminus on THURSDAY, the 25th October, 1900, as under :—

ON SATURDAY, 20th October 1900.	H. M.	ON THURSDAY, 25th October 1900.	H. M.
Victoria Terminus, Bombay	D 15 25 / A 16 39	Lonauli	D 7 15
Neral	D 16 44 / A 18 16	Khandala	A 7 24 / D 7 27
Khandala	A 18 16 / D 18 19	Neral	A 8 52 / D 8 55
Lonauli	A 18 31	Victoria Terminus, Bombay	A 10 10

Passengers and Luggage will be booked at ordinary Fares and Rates.

Intending Passengers should register their seats at the Victoria Terminus in due time.

The load of the ordinary Poona Passenger (2-30.) on that date will probably be limited, and inconvenience will be avoided if these Special Trains are made use of.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, the 17th of October, 1900.

THE WESTREN INDIA TYPEWRITING COMPANY,

No. 57, ESPLANADE ROAD,

OPPOSITE THE BOMBAY CLUB.

A SCHOOL of TYPEWRITING and SHORTHAND has been OPENED by the above Company, which provides unequalled facilities to Students for rapidly acquiring a thoroughly practical knowledge within three months. Special arrangements have been made to give INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTIONS at any time during the course of the day, to the Pupils' entire SATISFACTION. CERTIFICATES of Proficiency are guaranteed and Students are recommended for EMPLOYMENT.

COPYING WORK of all kinds done on Special Terms.

TYPEWRITERS and ACCESSORIES supplied and REPAIRS promptly executed.

TERMS on Application :

TO THE MANAGER.

JOHN FLEMING & CO.,

BOMBAY,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

THE INDIA RUBBER, GUTTA PERCHA AND TELEGRAPH WORKS CO., LD., SILVERTOWN.

ELECTRICAL STORES, CONTRACTORS TOOLS, CEMENT, COAL TAR, RUBBER, PAINTS, OILS METALS, AND ENGINEERS' SUNDRIES.

Sole Agents in Bombay for

THE SILICATE PAINT CO., LD., CHARLTON.

Particulars and Prices on Application.

JOHN FLEMING & CO.,

ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS,

BOMBAY.

CLEARANCE SALE

Of several hundreds of

ETCHINGS and ENGRAVINGS.

All in perfect condition.

At Rs. 3 each, original price Rs. 21.

John Roberts & Co. Ltd.

BOMBAY.

J. GHOSE AND SONS,

BOOK COLLECTORS OF CALCUTTA,

Temporary Address : Khandwa.

TO BE SHORTLY PUBLISHED.

1. RAJA OF SATARA DETHRONED, with all the Papers on the case and the Impeachment of Colonel C. Evans, Rs. 3-8-0.
2. MY THOUGHTS : Religious, Social and Moral. In seven languages. Under the patronage of H. H. the Rao of Cutch, G.C.I.E. Free Distribution.
3. SHELLEY'S SPIRITUAL PHILOSOPHY, Rs. 2-12-0.

FOR SALE.

1. LORD'S DISCOVERY OF THE SECT OF THE BANIANS AND THE RELIGION OF THE PARSEES. Wherein is shewn the superstitious ceremonies used amongst them. More especially their Idolatrous Worship of Fire. Cr. size Edition, 1630, Price on application. VERY SCARCE.
2. EDWARD MOOR'S HINDU PANTHEON, with 105 Steel Plates, 4to calf, 1810. VERY SCARCE.

All communications to be addressed to the FIRM.

READ THIS! READ THIS !!

THREE PRIZES, AGGREGATING Rs. 105,

Will be given away this month to NEW SUBSCRIBERS only.

1st Prize, Rs. 60 ; 2nd Prize, Rs. 30 ; 3rd Prize, Rs. 15.

BELOW ARE GIVEN SIX PUZZLE WORDS :—

1. M*S*O*.
2. B*R*I*.
3. C*P*N*A*E*.
4. L*V*R*O*L.
5. *O*D*N.
6. M*R*E*L*E*.

CONDITIONS :

FILL in the Stars in the Puzzle words (one letter for each star) to represent six principal towns in Europe. Write those you find out on a sheet of paper placing the respective number to each, and post it, together with your money order for Rs. 2-8, being the half year's subscription to the "Indian Tit-Bits," (othetwise no notice will be taken), enclosing a stamped addressed envelope for reply, to the "Indian Tit-Bits" Office, 183, Dharrumtolla Street, Calcutta. Please quote number of money order to avoid confusion.

The one that will fill in the whole six puzzle words correctly will get Rs. 60 ; five, Rs. 30 ; and four, Rs. 15 ; no Prize will be awarded for less than four.

Should more than one fill in the words correctly the prizes will be divided.

Competitors can only send in one attempt, thus giving every one the same chance.

Intending subscribers during this month will not only get their paper for six months, but will have besides the chance of winning one of the handsome prizes named above for the mere trial.

We are simply giving away the prizes to popularize the I. T.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yens	24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	..	18,000,000
RESERVE FUND	..	8,000,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York San Francisco, Hawaii, Shanghai, Hongkong, and Tientsin.

BANKERS—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK

The UNION BANK of LONDON, AND THE PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

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Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness, (30,) and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Walers Charged extra.

	Rs.
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The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re 1, each succeeding line, As 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

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FOAMING CARBOLIC DENTIFRICE for preserving the Teeth and Gums. Possesses powerful antiseptic properties and arrests decay. Per bottle Re. 1-8. Prepared only by THOMSON & TAYLOR, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BEWARE of IMITATORS.—DESAI & Co., Dyers, Washers and Bleachers, have REMOVED to No. 37, Bombay and Chandanwadi High School, opposite the old Shop.

NEW WANGHUI CANES.—Crook and Straight Handles Burnt Ash, Olive, Green, and Brown, Rs 2 each. Silver Mounted, Rs. 2-8. Riding Canes, Rs. 3.—ASQUITH and LORD, opposite Clock Tower.

LOST.—A Third Class Engineer's CERTIFICATE, got in September, 1895, bearing my name. Procurer will be Rewarded. Apply to SUMSHERALLI DAWOODBHOY care of Mahrani Ice Factory.

LOVELY ORANGE PEKOE TEAS.—Our this Season Spring Crop Orange Pekoe Teas, are unsurpassable both in quality and flavour. Prices in 1 lb. Tins ; Flowery Orange Pekoe at Rs. 1-4, Extra Fine Orange Pekoe at Rs. 1-4, and unassorted Orange Pekoe at Rs. 1-2 per lb. Two Annas less per lb. for large purchases.—MORTON, MAJU and Co., Agents, The Bombay Tea Association, Ld., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

£2,200,000 POLICIES were issued by the STANDARD in 1899 being the largest amount in the History of the Company.—Apply STANDARD LIFE OFFICE, Bombay and Madras.

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WANTED the SERVICES of a fully qualified expert professional MINING ENGINEER to report on Certain Mineral deposit at an early date. Apply to KHAN BAHADUR HAJEE SAJAN LALJEE, Secunderabad, Deccan.

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THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, 9, Meadow Street, Bombay. Silver and other Electro-plating and Bronzing undertaken.

FRESH CRUSHED HORSE FOOD, nutritious and unrivalled in the Market, Rs. 5-8, per cwt., and Grass, Bran, Oats, Barley at the Cheapest Rate, Free delivery. Address GRAM and BARLEY STORES, Lower Colaba, No. 387,

TO BE LET—A FLAT, on ELDON ROAD, opposite HIGH COURT. Apply "F. F." care of "Bombay Gazette."

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MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants, Clerks, Peons, &c., and Nurses, &c., of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services (Army and Navy) as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Portuguese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee and hold ourselves responsible. Highest reference given if required. Fee Rs. 2 each servant. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. N. B.—Beware of the so-called Registry Offices.

THE only Firm which repairs "Celestinas," "Aristons," "Phœnix," and all sorts of Hand Organs and keep all sorts Repairing and Tuning materials in stock.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

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BENNETT AND COMPANY, No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.

AT 1-30 P.M.,

1 handsome strong built victoria in good order.
1 strong built miniature brougham.
1 second-hand dog-cart in very good order.
1 bay Arab quiet in harness.
1 grey pony do and saddle.
1 handsome strong rubber tyred English built cabriolet by Windover, in very good order.
1 handsome strong English built victoria in C spring by Kesterton with patent hood.
1 handsome strong English built mail phaeton, with patent hood in good order.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, the stock-in-trade of Messrs. H. M. Hoosain and Co. to close account, consisting of a superb collection of porcelain and glass table ornaments, and flower vases, decanters, tumblers, globes, tea and coffee sets, table lamps, China jars, &c., &c.

The above is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 27th instant., at 1 p.m., Messrs, BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at Grant Road Station, near the bridge, the very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture of the latest design made to order, rich glass crockery, plated ware, organ, Hinks and Ditmar's hanging and table lamps, pictures, China and Japanese flower vases and table ornaments, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of EDWIN H. BROCK, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 19th October, 1900.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, No. 7, MARINE STREET.

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF IRON SAFES, MAJOLICA WARE, LEATHER GOODS, ETC., SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS DURING THE DEWALEE HOLIDAYS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction without reserve, at Church Gate Street, Fort, the following valuable fancy goods selected by Mr. J. Lenhart during his Europe journey, consisting of a large selection of Majolica Jardiniers, centre pieces, flower vases, wall plates, leather dressing, shaving and writing bags, albums, standing and table and fancy lamps, plated ware, etc.

Catalogues are ready and the property is on view.

The above is well worth a visit.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th inst, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co, are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the "Sea View Terrace," Wodehouse Road, Middle Colaba, handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich porcelain and glassware, plated ware, table ornaments, D. B. B. L. Gun in case, English halftred poultry and pigeons, etc., the property of A. W. MACKENZIE, Esq., proceeded to Australia.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On THURSDAY, the 25th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Mount Nepean Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood dining-room, drawing-room and bed-room furniture, rich crockery and glassware, Hinks and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, Indian and Persian carpets, pictures, table ornaments, etc., the property of NIGEL F. PATON, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

On SUNDAY, the 28th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 125, Frere Road, opposite the European General Hospital, the valuable handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated ware, glassware and crockery, Singers' hand and foot-sewing machine, kerosine and charcoal cooking stove, perambulator, table ornaments, lamps, &c., the property of J. R. OWENS, Esq.

The property will be on view three days before the sale.

SALE OF BEST ELECTRO-PLATED WARE, COTTAGE PIANO, &c.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms on MONDAY, the 29th instant, at 3 p.m., the following effects belonging to the estate of the late R W Liebschwager.—

A quantity of best electro-plated ware consisting of tea set in 4 pieces, tea kettle and egg boiler with spirit lamps, cruet stand, egg frame, soda water bottle stand, liquor and sauce frames, toast rack ice pails, biscuit box, butter pot, salvers card basket, tea pot claret jug, coffee urn carver, knives, sundry and forks in 70 pieces in case, and fish and fruit knives and forks in cases, one sweet tone cottage pianoforte by Tho. Steinweg Nachf. binoculars, bibles, and prayer books, sticks, &c.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before sale.

On TUESDAY, the 30th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Bank Street Fort, opposite the Bank of Bombay above Telephone Office, the valuable and handsome teak wood and blackwood dining, drawing, office and bedroom furniture, piano, etc, the property of DR. VAN INGEN WINTER M. D.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before sale.

SALE OF A HOUSE IN LAWRENCE D'LIMA STREET AT MAZAGON.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, as Administrator of the Estate of the late Mr. Joseph Romeo Viveiros, and with the concurrence of the Vicar and Wardens of the Church of Our Lady of the Rosary at Mazagon (who have a half share in the house), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on SATURDAY, the 3rd day of November next, at 4 p.m., the undermentioned property, viz :—

All that piece of Fazandari ground, together with the messuage or upper-storied dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the west side of Lawrence D'Lima Street at Mazagon, in the sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 175 square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 5131 and Street Nos 41, 46, and 48, and bounded on the east by the aforesaid Lawrence D'Lima Street, on the west by the ground of the Fazandar, on the north by a passage of the Fazandari and beyond that by the house of the Fazandar, and on the south by a passage of the Fazandari and beyond that by the house of Mrs. Machado.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 19th October, 1900.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

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MESSRS. A. F. Perkins & Co.'s "JACK" BRAND PILSENER is a light wholesome Beer Brewed from the Finest English Hops.

Per Case of 4 Dozen ..... Rs. 20 0
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A very fine peg Whisky.

Of all Dealers, or of

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WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

SPECIFICS for Hydrocele and Elephantiasis guaranteed to cure this disease radically by using this medicine externally. Price Rs. 2-8 per bottle. Apply to

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ONE New English built C. Under Spring Canoe LANDAU with patent-self acting hood and with patent foot-brake.

One English built LANDAULETTE by Windover.

English built Secondhand LANDAUS, VICTORIAS and BROUGHAMS by well known makers.

HOUSE FURNISHED with latest style neat furniture.

Furniture of the latest designs FOR SALE or HIRE, and also made to order.

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OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 32 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage. English Subscription, Rs. 14 per year, including postage.

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This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve and brain power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, delusions, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, physical incapacity, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability either to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, consumption, night sweats, &c., are all so many different phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, the cause of by far the greater portion of the misery, ill-health, and despondency by which we are confronted on every hand, that can only be successfully combated by the use of this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c. ; restores the failing powers, and imparts new life and energy to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

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Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c., producing a soft, silky, infant-like smoothness, elasticity and clearness of complexion, skin and body. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, syphilis, discharges, gleet, secondary symptoms, bone disease, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for TREZUKA or ZAROUBA, whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own "manufacture) for the sake of extra profit. TREZUKA and ZAROUBA are Trade Marks registered at the Patent Office. Legal proceedings will be taken against all persons pirating.

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As supplied to H.M. The QUEEN for 50 years.

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THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY RELIABLE BRAND.

TOILET SOAP, 6d. Tablets. PRICKLY-HEAT SOAP, 6d. & 1s. Bars.

Each containing 10 per cent. purest Carbolic. (Used by H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, when in India).

Pleasantly perfumed for Bath or Toilet. Very serviceable as preventives of Prickly-Heat and other Skin Irritation.

TO PREVENT OR REMEDY INSECT BITES OR STINGS, ITCH, PILES, RINGWORM AND OTHER SKIN AILMENTS, USE

Calvert's 20 PER CENT. CARBOLIC SOAP.

1s. Tablets in Metal Box (English Rate). If used at Bedtime, it will prevent Mosquito Bites.

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BRANCHES :—BOMBAY, KARACHI, LAHORE LONDON, MADRAS, RANGOON AND RAWAL PINDEE.

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RATES OF INTEREST allowed are as under—

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FIXED DEPOSITS :—

9 to 12 months 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ per cent. per annum.
3 years at 6 per cent. per annum.

The Bank will also at the Head Office or at any of the Branches in India, transfer sums for DEPOSIT in London, carrying Interest from date of transfer in India.

Special Rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS. At present they are—

For 2 and 3 months, at 4 per cent. per annum.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound Interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Hundies and Currency Notes of any Circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above INTEREST DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS receive 2 per cent. per annum upon the daily balances.

Apply for RULES to HEAD OFFICE or BRANCHES.

By Order of the Board,

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Oriental Buildings, Bombay, 1st May, 1900.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£562,500

HEAD OFFICE :

40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS :

The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KURRACHEE COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

11, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£500,000
RESERVE FUND	£330,000

HEAD OFFICE :

47 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Lahore, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Umritsar, Kandy, Newera Elya, Zanzibar, Steamer Point, Aden, Cawnpore and Mombassa.

FIXED DEPOSITS

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 20,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG :

SIR THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager*.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.,

LONDON COMMITTEE :

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CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
G. E. NOBLE, Esq., 34 Inverness Terrace, Bayswater, W.
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.

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COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 ; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. B. THOMSON,
Agent

47, Church Gate Street, Bombay

INSURANCES.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIA GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities only, and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

FOR SALE.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE LARGE Building known as VICTORIA HOUSE," Byculla, Bombay, is offered for Sale, the Company having transferred their wholesale Business to the Fort. Suitable for a Factory Machinery, Godown, Club, School-house, Library, &c., or TO LET in TENEMENTS. For full particulars apply to

THE GENERAL MANAGER,

PHILLIPS & Co. LD.,

Oriental Buildings, Bombay.

TO LOVERS OF ART.

THE establishment in the "First City in Indian of a high class and fashionable Art Gallery, fitted up in the most approved and artistic style, where artists and their patrons can at all times meet to their mutual advantage, and to the advancement of Art itself, has been our desire for some years past ; but the difficulties in the way of its fulfilment have been so great that the scheme has had to be abandoned—for the time being at least. We are persuaded that were we able to secure the influential support of those in high places and the help of lovers of Art in the Presidency, the Gallery would be a *fait accompli*. Another object of ours in wishing to form an Art Gallery is that we may be able to educate the native mind, and, by furnishing the people with an opportunity of viewing and comparing European work with the crude and absurd productions they have been accustomed to cultivate a refined and more artistic taste in them. Sur

NOTICES.

MATHERAN.

PLAGUE MEASURES.

IN SUPERSESSION of previous orders no CERTIFICATES are REQUIRED for any person coming to Matheran.

For detailed rules vide "Government Gazette," of 4th October, 1900. G. R. 5817 P.

M. COLLIE, I. M. S., Major,
Superintendent, Matheran.

6th October, 1900.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

Notice is hereby given that the TRUSTEES DEBENTURE LOAN of 1890, bearing interest at 5 per cent per annum and having a currency of ten years, matures on the 1st November 1900 and will be repaid to holders on presentation and surrender of the Debentures at the office of the Trustees on that date.

By Order,
F. G. DUMAYNE,
Secretary.

THE ANGLO-INDIAN SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders, resident in India will be held at the Company's Offices,—1, Forbes Street, on FRIDAY, the 19th October 1900, at 5 P.M., to transact the following business :—

1. To elect a member of committee who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
2. To elect Auditors, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 15th to 20th October, 1900, both days inclusive.

By order of the Local Committee,
GREAVES COTTON & Co.,
Bombay, 5th October, 1900. AGENTS.

MUNICIPALITY OF GEORGE TOWN, PENANG STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

TOWER

TO TURRET CLOCK MAKERS.

THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS of George Town, Penang invite offers from makers of repute, for the SUPPLY and fixing of a clock with four opal faces each six feet in diameter with Bells for chimes in the Memorial Clock Tower now in course of erection near the Public landing place.

They are prepared to expend the sum of six hundred pounds and invite detailed specifications and designs shewing fully the nature of the Clock etc., that makers are willing to contract to supply for that sum.

The Commissioners desire a highly finished Modern Clock with all possible improvements, and reserve to themselves the right to select the maker who in their opinion offers the best article and guarantee of its supply.

All assistance necessary will be afforded in its erection and tenderers will please state the date at which they are prepared to deliver.

A plan of the Clock Chamber etc., can be obtained by application to the undersigned.

By Order,
ACTING SECRETARY TO THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS.

Municipal Office Town Hall, Penang, 22nd September, 1900.

THE MAHABOOB SHAHI KULBURGA MILLS Co., Ld.

AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at Shapoorwadi on FRIDAY the 26th October, 1900 at 5 p.m. to transact the following business :—

1. To adopt the Director's Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December 1899.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditor or Auditors for the year 1900.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

S. E. CHENAI,
Secretary Treasurer and Agent.

N. B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 16th October, 1900 to 1st November, 1900, both days inclusive.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the RIGHT to PLY a STEAM FERRY between Bombay and the following places :—

URAN, HOG ISLAND, ULWA, MANDWA, KARANJA, REWAS, AND DHARAMTAR;

for a period of five years.

The terms of the Contract may be seen on calling at the office of the Collector of Kolaba at Alibag, or the Collector of Bombay, Customs House.

Tenders will be received so as to reach the Collector upto 30th October, 12 noon.

H. W. J. BAGNELL,
Collector, Kolaba.

Alibag, 9th October 1900.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

INCLUDING

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

TENDERS-KEROSINE AND COCOANUT OILS COTTON WASTE, LEATHER GOODS, INDIGENOUS STORES, LOCKS, FILES, SCREWS, &c.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent, at his Office, near Church Gate Railway Station, Bombay, upto 1 p.m., Gun Fire, on October 31st, 1900, for the supply of the above Stores required for the Broad and Metre Gauge sections of the Company's system for the year 1901, commencing from the 1st January next.

2. Forms giving particulars of the approximate quantities required for delivery at Bombay and Ajmere, and conditions on which tenders will be received may be obtained on application at the Chief Storekeeper's office, Parel, Bombay, and from the Deputy Storekeeper's Office Ajmere.

Form No. 1 consists of Miscellaneous stores Parel delivery
Do. 2 do. do. Ajmere Delivery.
Do. 3 Kerosine oil Parel delivery.
Do. 4 do. do. for Ajmere Parel delivery.
Do. 5 Waste cotton Parel delivery.
Do. 6 do. Ajmere delivery
Do. 7 Cocoanut oil Parel delivery.
Do. 8 Leather Goods Ajmere delivery.

The whole or any of the above forms can be had on payment of Rs. 2 per each copy.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items, from any tender without reference to the other items on the same tender, and the tenderer will be required to supply at the rate quoted and sign an agreement for the due fulfilment of the contract.

4. Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Indigenous Stores, &c," and a deposit of Rs. 1,000 (One thousand) must accompany all or any of the 8 tenders without which no tender will be considered.

5. If Government paper and other Securities be submitted they must be endorsed in favor of the B B and C I Railway Company, and as a further security for the due fulfilment of the contract a deduction of 10 per cent will be made from each payment until the total deposit amounts to 8 per cent of the estimated value of the items to be supplied, or at the Agents option a further deposit will have to be made so as to make the total deposit equal 5 per cent of the total amount of the accepted tender.

6. All stores to be in accordance with the Company's samples which may be seen at Parel or Ajmere.

7. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

R. WOOLLCOMBE,
Chief Storekeeper,
Chief Storekeeper's Office, Parel, Bombay, 2nd October 1900

GENUINE FIRST CLASS

HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINES

MAY BE HAD AT THE

HOMŒOPATHIC POOR DISPENSARY

MANGALORE, SOUTH CANARA.

Mother Tinctures, powders and high dilutions Schussler's Tissue Remedies, all at 1 1-2 anna per dram.

Externals, pills and low dilutions at 1 1-4 anna per dram.

A box of the 30 principal medicines Rs. 2-12-0.

Manual of Homœopathy, Rs. 3-4-0.

Domestic Indicator, by Dr. W. Schwabe, As. 8.

Homœopathic Guide by Dr. Luyties, As. 8.

Biochemic Guide by Dr. Luyties, As. 8.

Biochemistry, by J. B. Chapman, M.D., Rs. 4.

THE SOLERI-BELLOTTI SPECIFICS

at Annas 4 per tube.

A box of the 33 Specifics, Rs. 7.

A small trial box of the 12 Principal Remedies, Rs. 2.

Guide for the same, Re. 1.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

N.B.—All the profits go to upkeep of the Leper Asylum and the Hospital.

NOTES.

INDIAN LAND REVENUE,

FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,

BY

TODARMAL.

Price, Re. 1. Postage, half-anna.

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	all	10 p. c. 2 bon.	1,240 1-2
Bank of Bengal	40,000	00	all	10 pr. ct.	1,220
Bank of Madras	₹10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,020
Commercial	{ 10,000	100	{ 100	nil	62
Bank of India.	{ 15,000		{ 75		
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	1,00,000	26	all	3 pr. ct.	9
Charter Bank..	40,000	£20	£20	10 pr. ct.	£23 1-2
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	dol. 125	all	£1-10-0	1
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12 1-2	8 pr. ct.	300

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half yearly.	
Ahmedabad Advantage..	70		000	Nil	
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	000	190
Anglo-Indian ...	1,315	...	0	Nil	10
Assur Veerjee Mill. Ltd	In all 2000 Shares of which 1902 have been all lotted.	Rs. 500 each	Fully paid up	Rs. 25 12 1-2	0
Aurangabad S & M. Co., Ld. allary & K. W. Co., Ld. (Bellary)	971	1,000 60	all	9 per ct.	1,000
Berar Manfg Co., Ld	2,750	550,000	200	12 1-2	170
Bombay Unlited	90	1,000	1,000	Nil	350
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co....	90	500	500	dvdRs 30	48
Bombay National Manfg Co., Ld	500	1,000	1,000		30
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	d dRs.5.	00
Bombay Woollen Manfg. Co. Ld	650	1,000	1,000	10 per ct.	1,000
Central India..	1,000	500	50	dvdRs.50	1,910
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,00	dvdRs.8.	450
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,00	dvdRs.2.	660
Coimbatore S. and W.....	6,000	100	00	9 pr ct.	1
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	25	500
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	...	Rs. 10	350
Coorla Mills ..	...	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	350
Currim bhoy Mills	80	1,000	1,000	dvdRs60	610
David Mill ..	1,400	500	500	dvdRs30	260
Dhulia Ginning and Pressing Co. Ld.	400	250	all	dvdRs20	260
Dhun Mills.....	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	100
Empress	2,100	500	500	Nil	250
Framjee Petit.	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	275
Hindustan ...	875	1,000	1,000	Nil	385
Hinguughat Mills	700	500	500	40	670
Howard and Bullough's ..	1,500	500	500	25	500
Hope Mills....	600	1,000	1,000	30	350
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	30	1,150xd
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	Nil	15
Indian Manfg...	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	470
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld...	700	1,000	1,000	dvdRs 50	400
James Greaves,	1,100	500	500	Nil	390
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	dvdRs 20	220
Jamshed Manufacturing Co	1,800	250	250	dvd 5	130
Jewraj Balloo..	1,000	1,000	1,000	no dvd	425
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.....	3,430	1,000	1,000	20	300
Khandesh	7,500	1,000	1,000	dvdRs60	700
Khangaum Manfg. Co....	4,000	250	250	65	600xd
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	dvdRs25	450
Krishna Mills Ld	1,218	500	...	dvdRs.80	570
Leopold.....	3,500	100	108	dvdRs10	158xd
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	30	110
Laxmidas Spinning & Weaving Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs 30	550
Madras United	356	1,000	1,000	Rs 100	2,225
Mahaluxmee...	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	75
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	8,400	500	500	5 pr ct.	...
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	dvd40	1,810xd
Mchanlal & Parekh G & Mfg Co, Ld., Amaroti	300	100	115	dvdRs15	... 75
Mazagon	6,000	250	...	Nil	
Morarji Goculdass.....	1,050	1,000	1,000	dvdRs35	1,510
Mysore S & M. Co., Ld	4,000	250	250	Nil	160
Nadura Mills... national	7,770	100	100	Nil	... pa 52
New Great Eastern.....	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	240
Presidency Mills. Co.(Ld).	1,400	1,000	1,000	Nil	560
Queen Mills ..	742	1,	1,000	Nil	660
Ripon Mills ...	800	1,000	1,000	Rs80	800
Saraswati Mills	600	500	500	dvdRs35	500
Sassoon.....	1,250	500	500	Nil	500
Shoiapore Mills	1,500	1,000	1,000	dvdRs20	1700xd
Soonderdas	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	340
Southern India	750	1,000	1,000	Nil	85
Southern Mahratta	1,000	500	500	Nil	245
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,212	250	250	Nil	160
Standard Mills Co.	1,300	250	250	Nil	335
Star of India.	1,000	500	500	Nil	66
Swadeshi Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	560
Sassoon and Alliance	4,000	500	500	dvdRs22	325
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co....	3,000	500	500	Nil	
Union Mills Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	25
Venishanker Lukhmidhankar Co Mill Co. Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	
Victoria Mills..	900	500	500	Nil	410xd
Western India.	550	1,000	1,000	Nil	0
Wadhwan City	1,200	1,000	1,000	Nil	200
Ginning Pressing & Manufacturing Co., Ld.	400	50	all	dvdRs	

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	...	...	...
B B. & C.I.R. Co. New £12 Shares	...	£10	...	...	...
Ahmedabad Prantej Ry....	500	00	...	5 pr. ct.	705
Tapti Valley Ry. Co.....	600	500	...	4 pr. ct.	475

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	125	1,300x
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	41
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	Rs. 80	800
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	dv Rs 20	160xd
Bhownuggar City Press & Manfg. Co. Ld	550	250	250	25	275
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	Nil.	65
Breulse Cawnpore Press Co., Ld.....	500	200	200	dvdRs30	165
Broach City Press Co., Ld	600	200	200	dv Rs 20	200xd
Colaba	500	1,380	1,380	dvdRs 15	310
East India	350	1,000	1,000	125	1,325
English Press and Manfg ...	400	200	...	dvd Rs 9	60
Fort	150	2,300	500	dvd Rs20	650
French.....	300	600	500	dvd Rs40	425
Harvey and Sabapathy ...	450	450	500	dvdRs35	340xd
Hingoli Press Co., Ld	700	100	100	Rs 17	125xd
Khangaum ...	240	450	450	dvdRs 80	450
Bahuva Press Co., Ld..... ahmadpur a Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld ...	300	200	all	15 pr. ct.	225
Mercantile	300	500	500	53	55
Motussil Co	600	125	125	dvd Rs 5	424
Munmar M.....	125	400	400	dvd Rs35	415
New Berar.....	000	250	all	dvd Rs20	180
New Indian	00	500	600	dvd Rs50	550
Prince of Wales	00	125	125	dv Rs12½	150
Sabapathy (Bellary)	100	500	00	20	1 5
Sassoon.....	500	500	170	30	300xd
Sind and Punjab Co.	300	600	500	20	340xd
Sind	100	1,000	1,000	125	1725
Sorab Woollen Mills	400	2,000	750	20	325
Surat City Press Co., Ld	200	250	250	Nil.	
Volkart.....	37	200	all	1	
	...	000	...	Rs 80	1040

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 56m, Sun sets, 5h. 34m. High water, 8-54m., 9-28s. Low water, 2-23m., 2-57s.

P. and O. s. s. China, with English mails of 5th inst., due to arrive at day light.

Anglo-Indian Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Forbes Street, 5 p.m.

Organ Recital at the Cathedral, 6 p.m.

THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—A four horned Antelope (Tetraceros quadricornis) has been kindly presented to the zoological collection by Mr. Bendien.

PARTNERSHIP BUSINESS.—Toolsi, a woman, who keeps a sweet-meat shop at Dongree Street, took one Narayen into partnership on the 14th instant and on the morning of the 16th Toolsi found that her partner, after having robbed her of currency notes and cash to the value of Rs. 100 from an unlocked box, had absconded. The woman has known her partner for the last three years.

REPORTED THEFT IN THE FORT.—Mr. S. Rebsch, chairman of the Improvement Trust, who resides at Hornby Road, has reported to the police that between the hours of 1-30 and 4 p.m. on Wednesday two carriage clocks of the value of Rs. 150 were stolen from the dining room, together with a glass bell with silver handle and dome valued at Rs. 30 from another room. About 1-30 p.m. Mrs. Rebsch went upstairs and told the peon Kassam Mahomed to close the door. About 2 p.m. the ayah passed through the dining room and noticed that one of the clocks had been removed from the case; and about an hour after Mrs. Rebsch found the other clock and bell missing.

FATAL FALL.—An inquiry was held yesterday at the J. J. Hospital, by Mr. P. Byrne, the coroner, on the body of Shabjan, a Mahomedan girl, aged six years. The deceased was an orphan and resided with her uncle on the second storey of a house at Chimna Butcher Street, Grant Road. On the 14th instant the girl was playing on a bench placed near the railing which protected the chawk of the house. Suddenly she fell over on to the pavement below, a height of about twenty five feet. When picked up the girl appeared to have been stunned and was unable to speak. She was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, and found to be suffering from compound fracture of the right thigh. She also received a few bruises on her face. Next day her temperature rose and she died on Wednesday evening. The House Surgeon was of opinion that death was due to concussion of the brain and the jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

SHOCKING FATALITY AT DADUR STATION.—Mr. P. Byrne, the coroner, held an inquiry at the J. J. Hospital, regarding the death of Pitamber Athembar, a Hindu, aged about thirty-five years. The deceased came to Bombay from Deesa by the Ahmedabad passenger train intending to proceed to Poona via Dadur Junction. While the train was steaming into the Dadur station of the B. B. and C. I. Railway, and before it had pulled up the deceased, who was a third class passenger, attempted to jump out and in doing so fell between the train and the platform. After the train stopped, the deceased was extricated from his plight by the railway police. His right arm was found to have been almost severed from the shoulder and was simply hanged by the skin. The unfortunate man was placed in a dhoolie and taken to the J. J. Hospital where it was further discovered that his collar bone and six ribs on the right side had been fractured. He died with in an hour after admission. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

ALLEGED RECEIPT OF STOLEN JEWELLERY.—At the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. M. A. Jinnah heard a case in which one Doorga Kesha, a Marwaree, was charged with having dishonestly received stolen jewellery belonging to Mr. Kavashah Sorabjee, who resides at Byculla. Mr. Rustom D. Wadia, barrister-at-law, with Mr. J. P. de Quadros, appeared for the complainant, and Mr. Mir Aun Ali, instructed by Mr. Balkrishna appeared for the accused. Mr. Wadia said the accused was charged with having received and disposed of certain stolen jewellery, having reason to believe that the property was stolen. It seemed the complainant had a servant named Papa Miya in his service, who left him some time ago, having stolen certain jewellery from him, which included a pair of Parsee fashion gold bangles, worth about Rs. 250, and a diamond collar stud. Papa Miya was convicted of theft by Mr. Webb on the 5th inst., while the present accused was charged with having received the gold bangles and the diamond stud from Papa Miya. It was alleged that although the accused was distinctly warned by two witnesses that the case was suspicious, he never reported the matter to the police. Some evidence having been taken, Mr. Mir Aun Ali contended that no guilty knowledge having been brought home to the accused he should be discharged. The magistrate said that it seemed to him from the proceedings that the accused was convinced before he bought the property that there was nothing wrong about it. He had made inquiries and was satisfied that it was all right and therefore he was discharged.

KIDNAPPING A BOY FOR A THEATRICAL COMPANY.—Before Mr. M. A. Jinnah, at the Esplanade Police Court, Hormusjee Shapurjee Lely and Tribhowandas Nursey Naik, actors belonging to the Victoria Theatrical Company, conducted by Mr. Cursetjee Merwanjee Ballliwalla, were charged with kidnapping a boy named Manilal Bhudar Naik. Mr. Oliver, pleader, appeared for the prosecution; while Mr. Ardesir Unwalla and Mr. Velinker appeared for the defence. It appeared that complainant, a teacher of music in Bombay, was in the habit of going to Vadnagar and other places in the Baroda territory to engage boys of musical talents for his music club. Complainant taught the boys Hindustani music and to play on the harmonium and other musical instruments. In April 1899 he brought down to Bombay from Vadnagar a boy named Manla or Manilal, aged about 13 years, with the consent of his mother and maternal uncle. The terms of engagement were that the boy should be paid five rupees a month and fed and clothed by the complainant. The accused were in the habit of frequenting the complainant's music room; and after hearing the performances of the boys in vocal and instrumental music, they made them small presents of money or treated them to tea and other refreshments for light refreshments. They spoke to the boys and tried to persuade them to go over to their company on higher pay. On the 21st August last, the accused took away Mania from the complainant's employ to their own company, the Victoria Theatrical Company, on a salary of Rs. 25 a month. The prosecution called among other witnesses Mirat, the mother of the boy Mania, who stated that the boy, after leaving Nanabhai, the complainant, returned to her at her native village, where he stayed with her for about a month and-a-half. She asked him why he left Nanabhai, and the boy's reason for doing so was that he did not get his pay regularly from him. Mania then expressed a wish to go and enter the service of a Parsee Theatrical Company, whereupon she assented, saying he might do so if he wished. Further hearing of the case was adjourned.

GOANESE OR ANGLO-INDIAN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In a Police Court case reported in your issue of the 15th instant, under the heading of "Theft of Patent Medicines," the accused in the case is set down as Goanese compounder. Allow me to contradict this statement, for, the culprit, a member of the East Indian community of Bombay, who have not even the remotest connection with the Goanese except in their nomenclature and religion. I do not know who is responsible for these misstatements, but surely not the Goanese, and it is a great pity that all sins of omission and commission should invariably be laid at their doors.—Yours, &c.

MAC.

PROFESSOR RICHARD.

SCIENTIFIC Specialist, established permanently, for the Cure of General Diseases and Infirmities without exception. One Consulting Visit at the Consulting Rooms, including advice, £1 or Rs. 15, and at the patient's private residence, first visit, not exceeding one hour, £3 or Rs. 45. All Fees are Payable Cash in Advance, Ash Lane, Currency Bank, Bombay. A thirteen-page Interesting Pamphlet given Free on Application, or sent Free by Post. Special Terms may be made to undertake a case by contract.

NOTICE.

POONA RACES.

20th October, 1900.

Special Trains will run from and to Bombay.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 2nd Oct.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

FOR health, beauty, and luxury, use the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, which, Lady Constance Howard writes, is "pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess Clanwilliam, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill, and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning. When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE, SOUTHERN DIVISION.

THE Divisional Educational Conference was held, as already stated a week ago, in the Hall of the Dharwar High School, Rao Bahadur B. R. Sahasrabudhe, the Educational Inspector, presiding. There was, writes our correspondent, a large and representative attendance of retired and other officers of Government, members of municipal and other bodies, educational officers, mistresses of vernacular schools, pleaders and others.

The chairman in opening the proceedings welcomed the different representatives. He expressed his sorrow that plague and famine had completely disorganised the Educational Department. About 150 school-masters and about 4,000 school-children had fallen victims to the epidemic.

The results of the last Conference were, he briefly said :

(i.) The revision of Kanarese reading books.

(ii.) The introduction of Secondary Teachers' Certificate Examination.

(iii.) The making of drawing a compulsory subject in the Training Colleges.

(iv.) And the assimilation of the Public Service Examination test with the 6th standard by the introduction of Euclid and poetry. The object of the present Conference was, he said, to make certain additions and alterations in the existing standards and thus aim at the prevention of cram. The whole of the proposed course had been distributed over seven years instead of six. English was to be taught after the completion of the fifth standard. The middle school course had in consequence been modified. A new and prominent feature of the draft standards was that a separate course was proposed for the rural schools and a special arrangement made in the interests of the poorer classes. He expected great good to the agricultural classes of the division. Finally he invited an unbiassed discussion of the new scheme.

Mr. Maijarkar being unavoidably absent Mr. Khasnis read his paper on "Primary School Standards as they are." In his opinion the present standards were defective as they were merely guides to Inspectors. He questioned the ability of the teachers of the first three standards as they were untrained. He was in favor of the Kindergarten system and recommended the use of Chitrabodha or Illustrated Readers. He recommended the admission of boys to English schools after completing the 6th Vernacular standard. He would like to see drawing made compulsory and object lessons introduced as a means to promote technical education. He condemned the present books on geography and suggested a more intelligent and objective teaching of the subject. He wished to see religious education given in schools.

Mr. T. V. Rodda, a pleader of Dharwar, approved of the proposed standards and thought that the introduction of vernacular classical prose and poetry in the higher standards a desirable thing.

Mr. Nadagowda, B.A., LLB., of Belgaum, was in favour of the Kindergarten system. He wished to see more encouragement given to physical education. He thought vernacular fourth standard as sufficient for entrance to English Schools. He recommended Marathi to be taught along with Kanarese.

Mr. V. B. Joshi, B.A., Deputy Inspector, Kanara, found fault with the present monotonous system of reading in the higher standards. As to writing he remarked that the present terms expressing the size of letters was vague.

Some discussion followed in which Mr. Yargatti of Ankola said that rational explanations in teaching arithmetic were beneficial.

Mr. S. K. Rodda, Principal, Training College, Dharwar, thought that manuscript reading was unnecessary and recommended Marathi instead. Mr. Belvi, B.A., LLB, of Belgaum, was for omitting all the subjects except the three 'Rs. in the first three standards of the village schools. He was for the introduction of the Regha system of commercial computation and Marathi.

After adjourning for half-an-hour the Conference resumed its sittings at 3-30 p.m.

Mr. Karigudri, B.A., LLB, being absent, Mr. Navaratna read the paper, in which he deplored the neglect of Kannada and questioned the propriety of introducing Marathi in Kannada standards.

Mr. Katti, the late Principal, Training College, Dharwar, said that the opposition to the introduction of Marathi was groundless and sentimental. He pointed out by various illustrations that the teaching of Marathi side by side with Kanarese was a necessity.

Rao Bahadur Jayasatya Bodharao Inamadar strongly supported Mr. Katti.

Mr. Gurunathrao Phatak strongly opposed the introduction of Marathi in a rambling speech.

Mr. Kerur, Deputy Inspector of Belgaum, also supported the introduction of Marathi.

Mr. R. B. Karandikar, Head Master, Dharwar High School, terminated the proceedings of the day by ably demonstrating the utility of teaching by means of object lessons and following as far as possible the lines upon which such schools were conducted in Germany, and other European countries with remarkable success. The draft standards as now proposed were framed after careful and mature consideration and were calculated to produce the best of results. The draft standards required one teacher for one standard. But where this was not possible on account of financial and other circumstances it was necessary to draw out a scheme for such schools. It was hopeless in such a case to expect a thorough and scientific teaching as contemplated by the standards. The Conference then adjourned for the following day.

SECOND DAY.

The Conference resuming its sitting, Mr. Kulkerni of the Bankapur school read a paper "on the Primary School subjects," in which after making some suggestions with regard to the different subjects he recommended that carpentary should from one of the subjects prescribed.

Mr. Adveppa Katti in his paper advocated the teaching of Rekhagatit in the 3rd and higher standards. He also recommended the introduction of medical and agricultural lessons in reading books instead of scientific lessons.

Rev. Reusch read a paper on "the Distribution of the Primary subjects over the different standards," in the course of which he instituted a comparison between the Primary school standards in Germany and the proposed standards before the Conference and said that the draft standards were excellent so far as they went and reflected great credit on the framers. He deprecated the compulsory incarceration of the children of the lowest standards in school room for six hours as it was calculated to injure their eye-sight and tell upon their general health. He was sorry that their were no suitable text-books containing lessons inculcating the virtues of honesty and truth, love and fear of God. The function of the infant classes in European countries was merely to train the little children in cleanliness and other good habits. They had little to do with intellectual training. He further pointed out that the age limit of school-going children in European countries was six and suggested that this limit might be followed in this division. He also proposed the establishment of different kinds of schools to suit the needs of different communities—a full day school teaching six hours and a half-day school teaching three hours. He also advocated the establishment of night schools for the children of the working classes.

Mr. Kulkerni L. C. E. of the Training College then read a paper in which he defined the scope of "object lessons" in the vernacular curriculum.

Mr. Patil of Bankapur then exhibited some pieces of scientific apparatus made by him and esplained their use.

Rev. Mr. Rivington of Gadag criticised some of the points set forth by Rev. Mr. Reusch and said that the subject of moral and religious education being controversial he had no opinion to offer thereon. He also did not agree to the raising of age limit. The Conference then adjourned for half an hour.

After resuming its sittings at 3-30 p.m. some more papers were read on rural standards. Mr. Savanur, Deputy Inspector of Dharwar, said that the proposed rural standards were quite adequate.

Mrs Gangava Sinde and Mrs. Lingava Nulvi, Mistresses of girls' school, respectively read papers on "Primary standards for girls' schools" in which they pointed out the necessity of introducing lessons on domestic economy, duties of women and other moral lessons.

After hearing a few more suggestions from some of the Vernacular school masters the chairman closed the proceedings for the day.

THIRD DAY.

The Conference having resumed its sittings at 11-30 a.m., Mr. Cadri of Bijapur read a paper on "Primary standards for Urdu schools." After dealing with the subject in its detail he said that the medium of instruction in Urdu schools ought to be in the vernacular of the district. He said he would also like to see a little of Persian introduced into Urdu schools and Koran in the special Urdu girls' schools.

Mr. Kinjapur of Bankapur then read a paper on the same subject in which he said that the number of subjects now inserted in the standards required a reduction and also said that the studies in the higher standards were over crowded.

Mr. Shivamurti then read a paper in which recommended the inserting of agricultural lessons in reading books.

Mr. Ketakar of Bagalkot observed in his paper that the changes proposed were not necessary and were not likely to yield better results. He then expatiated on the method of teaching and condemned the present method. He concluded his paper by proposing the introduction of a system of lecturing on special subjects by specialists as in France.

Mr. Kamat of Karwar in is paper said that school-drill ought to be made compulsory and that object lessons were to be inserted in reading books.

M. Khandekar of the Training College suggested the necessity of attending to physical instruction in primary schools and said that trained vernacular school masters could give such instruction.

On the conference re-assembling at 3-30 p.m. The chairman gave a short account of the Main Prize and gave away three prizes to the respective winners.

Mr. V. R. Katti again dwelt upon the necessity of introducing Marathi and condemned the introduction of "action songs" (sabhinava gayan.)

Mr. Karandikar then rose and said that the chief aim of the proposed draft standards was to induce and promote a scientific method of teaching in primary schools. The introduction of object lessons and drawing helped to promote the end and was calculated in a way to facilitate the establishment and growth of technical schools so largely desired. The intellectual faculties of the boys would, in his opinion be awakened and given an impetus to by this means. In regard to religious education his opinion was that the parents themselves should set an example in religious piety if they wished their children to be religious. Rao Bahadur Chitagupi said that the two short recesses of half-an-hour each between lessons were not sufficient. In his opinion more encouragement was to be given to agricultural education.

The chairman, who was received with applause, then closed the proceedings with an able, impressive and eloquent speech. He remarked that when the whole world was advancing they could not afford to remain stationary. They could not rest, satisfied with the three 'Rs,' nor allow the method of cram to hold its place. Memory however needed to be cultivated with intelligence. He then read an extract from Prof. Max Muller in support of his view. He hoped to be able to reduce the school hours in the infant classes. He then cursorily passed over the changes proposed in several subjects under the different standards and promised a careful consideration of such suggestions as had been unanimously part forth by the Conference. He complimented the Gymnast of the Training College for his pluck in coming before the Conference with his proposal about the promotion of physical education in primary schools. He pointed out that there was much difference of opinion about moral and religious education and stated that Government were unable to take any decided steps in the matter under the circumstances. He said that those who clamoured much for moral and religious training of their children had better set an example themselves.

In concluding he said he could not understand why so much fuss was made about the introduction of Marathi which was only inserted as an optional subject to be taught only where the local circumstances required it. He then closed the proceedings after thanking all for their attendance at the Conference.

A vote of thanks to the President then terminated the proceedings.

THE WEATHER.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 18th OCTOBER.

Amritsar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Cotton picking partially begun. Rapeseed larger area sown this year. Gingelly doing well. Rabi sowings progressing favourably.

Ferozepore.—Bright, no sign of rain. All crops doing well.

Mooltan.—Seasonable. Cotton plants slightly damaged by insects and disease. Crop prospects generally good.

Delhi.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rabi sowings progressing favourably.

Agra.—Bright, no sign of rain.

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By R. CATON WOODVILLE, R. I.

	Rs.
The Dawn of Majuba Day, 1900 (Surrender of Cronje) 20 by 30 inches	15
A Chip of the Old Block (Charge of C Squadron 5th Lancers at the Battle of Elands Laagte) 20 by 30 inches	15
God Bless you, Tommy Atkins? 14½ by 21½ inches	15
Conquered, but not Subdued. 14½ by 21½ ins.	15
A Race for Life (An incident at Waterloo), 14½ by 21½ inches.	15

PUBLICATIONS NOW READY.

By R. CATON WOODVILLE, R. I.

The Absent-Minded Beggar (Gentleman in Khaki) 12½ by 20 Vignette	15
The Handy Man (Companion to the above) 12 by 20 Vignette	15
Our Brothers from Over the Seas (Centre to the "Absent-Minded Beggar" and "Handy Man" 20⅜ by 13½ inches	21
All that was Left of Them (Companion to Charge of the Light Brigade), 36½ by 23 inches	31
Jameson's Last Stand (Battle of Doornkop, 2nd January 1896) 32½ by 20½ inches	31
The Charge of the Light Brigade, 36½ by 23½ inches	31

G. D. GILES.

The Charge of the Heavy Brigade, 33½ by 19½ inches	21

STANLEY BERKELEY.

Napoleon's Cuirassiers at Waterloo, 30 by 18½ inches	21

By R. CATON WOODVILLE, R. I.

Alma (Storming the Great Redoubt), 17⅝ by 29½ inches,	15
Sebastopol (Lord Raglan watching the Attack on the Redan) 17⅛ by 29½ inches	15
The Storming of Badajos 1812, 29 by 21½ inches	21
"1815" (Napoleon's Old Guard at Waterloo) 32½ by 18½ inches	31

MAUD EARL

What we have we'll hold (The Champion Bull-dog Dimboola) 28½ by 21 inches	15

By R. CATON WOODVILLE, R. I.

Por Queen and Empire (Jubilee 1897), 34½ by 18½	31

STANLEY BERKELEY.

Atbara (Charge of the Camerons) 33½ by 23½ inches	21
Omdurman (Charge of the 21st Lancers) 36½ by 23½ inches	21

T. M. HEMY.

The Wreck of the Birkenhead, 17½ by 24½ inches	31

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 18.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols .....£98 7-8 unchanged.
3 per cent Rentes.....£100 do
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan....£109 1-2 do
3 1-2 per cent. Govt. Securities ...£84 1-2 plus 1-16
Bar Silver in London .....29 3-16 unchanged.
Do New York .....63 1-8 plus 1-2
Exchange on London at Paris ...25 12 unchanged.
Do. New York .....4·84 3-8 plus 1-4
Discount, Bank of England 4 per cent. unchanged.
Do Short London Bills, 3 7-8 per cent. unch'gd.
Do Indian Bank Bills, 4 per cent.—1-8 p. ct.

ARRIVALS.—Eden Hall, Rheinfels.

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore, sellers, April-May, Havre, Antwerp, Dunkirk ...46s, quiet.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India for Rs. 25,00,000—
Rs. 14,90,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
,, 7,20,000 do Bombay.
,, 2,90,000 do Madras.
,, 25,00,000 at Rs. 3 15-16d.
Tenders at the above rate received 68 per cent.
Average rate of allotment 15-94.
Total amount of Council Bills sold during the week including last public sale, Rs. 27,10,000.
Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 25,00,000.
Extra Allotments—
Bills on Bombay ..... Rs. 10,000 } at 1s. 4d.
,, Madras ..... ,, 20,000 }

EXCHANGE.—The market opened with an easier feeling this morning with one buyer of ready and near Credits at 1s. 4 5-32d but without change in the Banks drawing rates: during the day a fairly large businesswas done, private Wire having again been sold at 1s. 3 15-16d. and Credits placed for the Mail of 10th November at 1s. 4 5-32d. the rate after that date being 1s. 4 3-16d. November-December, and 1 4s. 7-32d. January to Middle of April, when 1s. 4 3-16d. was again to be had Banks are by no means good sellers either for ready or forward, while the Bazaar is fully on the alert to pick up the best rates they can get for demand at the earliest possible deliveries.

Bank Telegraphic	1s. 3 29-32d.
,, Demand	1s. 3 15-16d.
3 months' sight Credits	1s. 4 3-16d. to 1s. 4 5-32d.
do. Francs	1·69 3-4 to 1·69 1-2
Shanghai	Rs. 206
Hongkong	,, 152
Japan	,, 148

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—The market opened at Rs. 97-2 for the Settlement improved to Rs. 97-4 during the day, but at the close declined to Rs. 97-2 at which there were sellers.

For the forward settlement the rate is 1 1-2 annas below the early one.

STOCKS AND SHARES.—Market steady.

	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	1,240
Commercial Bank of India.....	62
Leopold S. and W. Co.....	153xd.
Manockji Petit S. and W. Co.	1,810xd.
Mazagon S. and W. Co.	75
Ahmedabad Prantej Railway Company..	705
Phillips Company Limited.....	30
Treacher Company.....	995

FREIGHTS.—The market is quiet, more cotton has been booked for this month at 20s. while a small line of about 750 tons has been booked for open ports for May at 21s.

COALS.—Very little doing, a line of about 1,000 tons Seebpore is reported sold for December-January, at Rs. 15.

WHEAT.—Slightly steadier for White Delhi, April-May, at Rs. 4-9-9.

SEEDS: LINSEED.—Market firm at unchanged rates, say Rs. 11-8 to Rs. 11-10.

RAPESEED.—The market is firm with a good enquiry at Rs. 8-3.

CASTORSEED.—The market is quiet and rate unchanged at Rs. 39-8.

POPPYSEED—Firm at Rs. 8-14.

GINGELLY SEED.—Market is quiet with a little business passing.

COTTON.—There was a firmer feeling this morning on the opening of the market, but during the day the tone became quieter, rates closing pretty much the same as yesterday. Exporters took some 700 to 800 bales the Mills, being small buyers at 300 to 400 bales.

	Rs.
Bengal, Fine, ready	190 to 195
Do. F. G. ready	185
Do. do. Jany. 1901	184
Broach Fine, ready.....	210
Do. Good, ready	200
Do. Good, March, 1901	225

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats steady. Manchester was dull. Total sales 6,000 bales. Sold on speculation and for export 500 bales. Surats 200 bales. Imports 23,000 bales. Spot 5 21-32 = plus 1-32. Arrivals closed steady.

Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Jan.-Feb.	April.-May	July-Aug.
5·25	5·15	5·6	5·1	4·62
plus 10-34	plus 9-64	plus 8-64	plus 8-64	plus 8-64

In New York—

	Bales.
Receipts at the Ports.	61,000
Do. do last year	44,000
Exports to Great Britain.....	22,000
Do. Continent	9,000
Mid.-Uplands	10 1-16 unch'gd.
Futures, month of January.....	9·26 plus 14
Do. do. April	9·23 puls 14

Receipts of Cotton in o Bombay yesterday :—

Summary of Daily Arrivals of produce into Bombay yesterday:—

Wheat.....	12,975 cwts.
Linseed	839 ,,
Rapeseed	2,341 ,,
Gingellyseed	5,590 ,,
Poppyseed	668 ,,
Groundnuts	12 ,,
Castorseed.....	1,117 ,,
Rice	4,870 ,,
Myrabollams	1516 ,,

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 15th September 1900, on 461 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	87,000	1,45,000	4,000	2,36,000
Or per mile of Railway	189	314	9	512
For previous 10 weeks of half-year	8,91,875	19,78,618	27,027	28,97,520
Total for 11 weeks ..	9,78,875	21,23,618	31,027	31,33,520
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	84,812	1,78,571	2,072	2,65,455
Per mile of Ry. do.	184	387	5	576
Total to corresponding date do.	9,42,623	18,79,693	21,133	28,43,449

Decrease for the week .....Rs. 29,455
Increase to date ..... ,, 2,90,071

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

(Includes the Rajputana, Holkar, Sindia-Neemuch Rewari-Bhatinda and Cawnpore-Achnera State Railways.)

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 15th September 1900, on 1644·39 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	1,10,000	2,20,000	7,000	3,37,000
Or per mile of Railway	67	134	4	205
For previous 10 weeks of half-year	11,28,317	30,12,646	02,158	42,03,121
Total for 11 weeks...	12,38,317	32,32,646	69,158	45,40,121
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,09,183	3,10,453	8,145	4,27,780
Per mile of Ry do.	66	189	5	260
Total to corresponding date do. ..	11,67,368	29,76,963	88,972	42,33,203

Decrease for the week .....Rs. 90,781
Increase to date..... ,, 3,06,918

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT.—OCT. 17.

10 p.m.	78·2

THURSDAY—OCT. 18.

6 a.m.	77·4
10 a.m.	83·4
2 p.m.	87·0
4 p.m.	86·9

LATEST WAR TELEGRAMS.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

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BOMBAY.

DEATH.

ADENWALLA—October 18, at her residence Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay, Bai Dosibai, the wife of Mr Dorabjee Dinshaw Adenwalla. Funeral this (Friday) morning, at 7 a.m.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

LANE—October 11, at Montgomery, Punjab, the wife of Major W B Lane, I M S, of a son.
RENNY—October 11, at Mussoorie, the wife of Lieutenant Colonel A M Renny, 7th Bengal Lancers, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

HOLDER—WALSH—October 8, at All Saints' Church, Shillong, by the Rev C T Winckley, Frederic Elton Holder, of Deohall Tea Estate, Assam, son of Captain C Holder, late 11th Hussars, of Westbourne, Barnes Close, Winchester, to Katherine Daisie Peregrine, eldest daughter of the late Nugent Charles Walsh, of Wandsworth, Surrey, and of Mrs Walsh, of Fleet, Hants.

DEATHS.

GRAVES—October 5, at Kurseong, Spencer, the infant son of A E P Graves.
MARTIN—October 5, at Ajmere, of enteric fever, Lieutenant G H Martin, 4th Bengal Lancers.
POWER—October 12, at San Thome, Madras, Mary, the eldest daughter of the late Captain J Power, P W D, retired and K C C (Port).

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1900.

IN Mr. Baldwin Latham's book on "The Climatic conditions necessary for the propagation and spread of Plague," a fascinating question dealt with is the connection of rats with plague. The precise nature of the connection of these rodents with the disease is still obscure. Of the lower animals it is admitted they are peculiarly susceptible to plague, and that some sort of connection between them and its appearance amongst men has been invariably observed, and a mortality amongst them in any particular locality is generally accepted as an ominous sign. On this question Mr. Latham remarks: "Some persons at the present time attribute the cause of plague to the presence of rats, and that the bacillus of plague is indigenous to rats, and is communicated by rats to human beings. It has been already observed that in all epidemics rats, amongst other animals, have been shown from the remotest periods to have been subject to plague; and it is well known that the death of rats has preceded the outbreak of plague among human beings; but it appears that the attributing of plague epidemics to rats is mistaking the effect for the cause. That rats are subject to plague there cannot be a doubt, but that they themselves are the cause of plague is extremely doubtful; they may no doubt be made the means of spreading and implanting the bacillus in the soil, which appears necessary for the propagation of plague. On this Dr. M'Candless of Hoihow says: 'Through the agency of infected rats or human beings, and even cats and pigs, the disease can become lodged in a house, in the ground or perhaps in a drain, and the poison can continue active until after the plague cultures run their course or die out.'" We do not know who Dr. M'Candless is, but his statement that cats and pigs are liable to plague is open to question.

The Plague Research Laboratory, indeed, states definitely that cats are not liable to this disease. As regards the rest of the quotation it states nothing and merely records the general knowledge, or rather the general ignorance, which prevails on the subject. But in this connection we must take exception to Mr. Latham's statement that "in the first epidemic of the plague in 1896 and 1897 at Bombay *most of the rats were killed off*; but that did not prevent the subsequent epidemics which have occurred since that period." Is Mr. Latham aware that an organised system of rat extermination has been in force in Bombay since the beginning of plague up to the present day? And we have it on excellent authority that the number of rats killed only last week was but a few short of 4,000. This number however has been greatly exceeded at various times, and taking a rough average of over 4,000 per week killed during the last four years, nearly a million rats must have been destroyed quite apart from those which have died from plague or other causes. In spite of this the number of rats at present in Bombay would not appear to have been seriously affected, and they are by no means conspicuous by their absence as Mr. Latham would have us believe. A false premiss such as the above obviously affords no ground for sound argument, but having differed from Mr. Latham on so many points, it is pleasant to find ourselves in accord with him in regard to the liability of persons living on different stories in the same house. Although no very definite figures can be put forward, yet we believe that from general experience, in Bombay City at least, what Mr. Latham says is in the main true:—"The ground itself exercises an enormous influence upon plague, as will be noted by the fact that in all the epidemics persons living on the ground floors suffer to a much greater extent than those who live in the higher stories of the houses; not only so, but the rate of mortality appears to be greater amongst those living on the ground floors than it is with those living at an elevation above the ground." Leaving plague for a second it may be well to draw attention to the idea of that remarkable writer—H. G. Wells—as regards the London of the future in his book "Tales of Time and Space." Our readers will doubtless remember his forecast that London will ultimately be inhabited by three distinct classes living at three distinct elevations—the highest class living on the top with their flying machines and wonderfully rapid conveyance; the second class who will live just below and the third or lowest class living practically underground and hardly ever seeing the sky, even in the daylight. What is this but the development of this self-same sanitary idea?

With the remarks at the end of Mr. Latham's book to the effect that "it will therefore be noted that, with reference to these observations, it is quite clear that if the temperature of the air does increase beyond the temperature of the ground, so that its dew-point is above the temperature of the ground, instead of evaporation taking place, condensation takes place, and to this increased high temperature may be entirely due the sudden stoppage of plague after a certain high temperature has been reached, which, by raising the temperature of the dew-point, stops all exhalation from the ground, and will cause condensation to take place instead of evaporation. So also, it has been observed that a sudden fall of temperature causes plague to arise. A fall of temperature means that the temperature of the dew-point must fall, and the tensional difference between a low dew point and a high ground temperature would at once lead to exhalations escaping in large quantity from the ground, and so lead to the liberation of the plague bacillus from the ground, accompanied with the exhalations necessary for its development;" and again "it should also be borne in mind that the conditions which lead to emanations from the ground also control the emanations from the human body, and that these emanations are always looked upon as extremely infectious, as is recorded in the "City Remembrancer," vol. I, page 61: 'Infectious irradiations flowing from bodies influenced with the pest, as they constantly issue out by transpiration and more open passages, and diffuse their maligulty accordingly.' The temperature of the human body may be raised in fever to 104 degrees, the tension of the vapour at that temperature would be equal to 2·167 inches of mercury, so that with the dry atmosphere, such as occurs in times when plague is most rife, the power to exhale vapours from the human body is enormously increased."—with such statements as these and one or two others we will leave the medical and bacteriological professions to deal, but it seems strange that Mr. Latham did not bring to the notice of the Plague Commission his very definite ideas. In conclusion, we may notice a small point which will interest and amuse those who are well acquainted with Surat. In support of the reasons Mr. Latham adduces for the immunity from plague of foreigners in India he quotes once more from our old friend the "City Remembrancer":—"Surat, in the East Indies, is seldom free from plague, yet foreigners who trade there are in no danger. The inhabitants neither eat flesh nor drink wine, live very poorly on herbs, rice, water, etc. This fare, with the heat of the climate, makes them liable to malignant distempers, from which those who feed well are more secure." The fact of the immunity of foreigners we admit; the reasons might, however, have been supported—we will not say by a better—but at least by a more recent authority.

WE are informed that the Bombay Tramways Company have written to the Municipal Commissioner informing him that as no answer has been received to the Company's application for sanction to the adoption of electrical traction the application has been withdrawn. Who is to be congratulated? The Corporation, the public, or the Company? The Company least of all. The Corporation has been a long time discussing the matter, no doubt. And the best friends of the Corporation will not claim that that assembly is an embodiment of the collective wisdom of Bombay. But in marking time in the matter of the Tramways it has shown more prudence than its critics would have credited it with. If the Tramways Company was so anxious for the public good, why did it not apply for permission to convert the system before? Is it actuated by any desire to benefit the public? A pious merchant in the north country not long ago opened a shop, as he said, "to the glory of God—and to make 5 per cent." He made 35, but never so much as printed a scripture text on the back of his paper bags. We are afraid the Tramway Company's magnanimity is something like the tradesman's piety. Its offer to convert the system into one of electrical traction only came when the period of its concession was about to lapse and the Municipality became entitled to take over the system and work it for the more direct benefit of the people than it can claim to be worked at present. There were people in Bombay rude enough to smile at the disingenuousness of the offer and to liken it to that of a schoolboy to take a thrashing rather than be expelled his school. It is true that if the system was electric the streets would be cleaner, and that from a sanitary point of view the removal of so many thousand horses from the streets would be an advantage. But on the other hand the beauty of Bombay would be spoilt by hideous overhead wires and the broad road-ways narrowed by the erection of pillars to carry those wires. Something however must be sacrificed to convenience. But electricity is making such rapid progress that in another year or so, the disadvantages of ugly and dangerous overhead wires may be superseded. As at present constructed the subterraneous wires do not answer, as many a company knows to its cost. But each succeeding day brings forth its discoveries in the scientific world. We must congratulate the Corporation on its diplomacy, as well as on the removal of the temptation to which it might have yielded to let slip the opportunity of taking over the system into its own hands. If it had jumped at the offer of the Tramways Company it would have laid itself open to a charge of shirking its duty. The withdrawal of the offer clears the way for the Corporation to rise to its responsibilities. It should take over the Tramways and the immense profits now enjoyed by a foreign company could be devoted to the reduction of taxation. The staff could be taken over by the Corporation at current rates of pay and the Corporation could work the line itself. Or it could re-lease the line to the company, or a company, as Government may do in the case of a railway. In a very short time the Corporation would be able to convert the horse system to one of electrical traction of the latest and most efficient type. There is no occasion to raise an outcry against the Corporation. It has done well to wait, and if for little else the Corporation has deserved the thanks of the ratepayers, it has on this. It is usual for Municipalities to take over both gas and water supplies as well as trams. Bombay has the water-supply in its own hands and we tremble to think what would have become of us in the days of scant rainfall had the water been in the hands of a private company. Let the Corporation make up its mind to take over the trams at once and when they are working smoothly prepare to take over the town lighting, not with gas, but with electricity at the same time it converts its tramway system. Even by releasing the metropolitan tram-lines the London County Council secures for itself a handsome profit.

THE confessions of prisoners are a source of much anxiety both to advocates for the defence and to the judges striving scrupulously to do justice. The alleged illegal pressure by which the police are said to extract confessions only tends to intensify this anxiety. A conflict has apparently arisen between the views of various judges in the matter of the advisability of confessions on account of the police malpractices. The police naturally resent the charge hurled against them. In such a conflict the dignity of the Bench demands that the very cause of conflict be removed; and the reputation of the police will be increased if with this cause, the suspicion which now weighed them down be likewise removed. But will this endanger the safety of the subject. This is a vital question. Of course, no one will venture to argue that life and property should be protected even by illegal means which do injury to suspected criminals only. The end does not justify these means. Nor do we think that the public safety will be jeopardized in the remotest degree by the advocated modification of the law in the admissibility of confessions. But is such a modification desirable? Mr. Baptista endeavours to answer this question in the pages of the last issue of the Bombay Law Reports in his article on the "Law of Confessions." Therein he expounds the present English Law upon the subject. He contrasts it with the Indian Law. He proceeds to stigmatize the latter as harsh and incompatible with the spirit of English Criminal Law, and with the genius of the English people. He adduces reasons to point out that the Indian sections relating to the subject were not intended to enact a difficult law, or introduce a different procedure in India from that followed in England. He has clearly shown that Mr. Stephens, who had the framing of the Indian Evidence Act, uses all but the very same words to express both the English and Indian Law. Such being the case, he asks, "How comes it that there is such a deplorable difference noticeable between the two countries?" He attributes this difference to the imperfect comprehension of the underlying principles bearing on the advisability of confessions. The police naturally come in for comment, but they are handled with a moderation that ought to command assent, especially as Mr. Baptista's views are fortified with numerous quotations from judges, legislators, authors and administrators thought the Law Commissioners appear to have been cruelly merciless on the police.

THE health of Bombay City continues to improve, and this week's returns indicate that the cholera epidemic is rapidly dying out, while it is satisfactory to note that although plague is increasing in the mofussil it remains practically stationary in the City. As compared with the corresponding week of last year there is a decrease of 20 deaths, a number which would be greater if Mandvie were only affected with the disease as lightly as the other divisions. There were 17 deaths in this district, the next highest mortality from the same cause being Kumbharwada with eight. The pestilence commenced originally in this area, and for four years it has been constantly present; indeed, some of the officials of the Plague Department incline to the view that plague is endemic in Mandvie. Remittent fever is less virulent, and deaths due to diseases of the lungs is only just above 300—a marked improvement compared with a few months ago. The mortality due to dysentery and diarrhœa is dropping to normal, and it is not nearly so heavy among aged people. There were 27 deaths from violence, and the number of persons meeting with an untimely end has been singularly high this year. In the mofussil plague showed a distinct improvement; in Belgaum, and in Poona the fatal cases fell off slightly The rise continued in Poona city and cantonment, while during the past fortnight there were 3,911 inoculations performed in Poona district.

THE latest reports from Guzerat indicate that the outturn of the cotton crop may not be so favourable as has been expected. In the western division of Broach the acreage sown is short and the crop is not looking well. In the eastern division it is fair to moderate. Generally speaking, where the crops have been sown late they are beginning to suffer from the want of rain in October. From the southern division of the Presidency also come complaints of the cotton generally suffering from the early stoppage of the rains.

No confirmation had reached the Government of India up to yesterday afternoon of the statement which Reuter ascribes to French Customs to the effect that the new tariff will not enhance the duty on Indian coffee into France. So far as official information at present goes, the contrary is the case.

THE 21st Bombay Infantry will furnish a Guard on the R. I. M. Steamer Clive, while his Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in India is on board on Tour.

MR. J. MCNEILL acts as Political Agent, Bhor, vice Mr. A. Cumine.

MR. J. W. A. WEIR has been appointed Junior Collector vice Mr. A. C. Logan.

MR. H. F. BRAYSON has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

MR. W. E. YOUNG has been appointed Collector of Customs and Salt Revenue in Sind.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. Tientsin, extra, left Moji for Singapore on the 17 instant.

MR. A. D. BROWN, I. C. S., has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

MR. C. G. DODGSON, I.C.S., has been appointed Political Agent, Aundh, vice Mr. R. Knight.

MR. R. B. STEWART, M. A. (OXON), has been appointed Junior Collector vice Mr. M. C. Gibb.

THE second forecast of the cotton crop in the North-West Provinces anticipates a normal outturn.

MR. M. C. GIBB, L. L. B (Cantab), has been appointed Senior Collector vice Mr. W. P. Symonds.

MR. E. F. GREEN, District Superintendent of Police, has been permitted to return to duty within the period of his leave.

THE Hon. Mr. F. S. P. LELY, Commissioner, N. D. has been granted privilege leave of absence for one month and seven days.

MR. A. G. WRIGHT, M.A. (Cantab), has been appointed to act as Educational Inspector, Northern Division, pending further orders.

MR. A. C. WILD has been appointed Assistant Political Agent, Savanur, vice Mr. A. S. A., Westropp proceeded on leave.

ONE case only of plague was reported in Calcutta on Monday and a single death from that cause, the total mortality being returned as 70.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. Oriental with the homeward Mails of the 13 instant arrived at Aden at 6 a.m. on Thursday, the 18 instant.

THE services of Mr. H. T. Gwyther, Executive Engineer, first grade, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India, Public Works Department.

LIEUTENANT R. J. C. BURKE has been appointed to act as Assistant Political Superintendent and ex officio Superintendent of Police, Palanpur.

THE services of Lieutenant J.C. Coldstream, Punjab Commission, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India with effect from the 1st November.

THE services of Lieutenant J. B. Keogh, 2nd Bombay Lancers have been replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Military Department.

MR. H. M. GIBBS, District Superintendent of Police, has been allowed furlough on medical certificate for six months and 21 days from the 31st August.

MR. E. LAWRENCE, B.A., (Oxon.) I.C.S., on return to duty becomes Political Agent for the Dangs in the Khandesh District vice Mr. G. Carmichael proceeding on leave.

GENERAL TURNER, Director-General of Military Works, leaves Simla on the 3rd November, visits Sibi and Quetta 6th to 16th, and returns to Simla on the 16th November.

THE services of Captain H. F. Jacob, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Foreign Department for employment as acting first assistant to the Resident at Baroda.

A CAMP will be pitched on the Regimental Parade Ground, for the accommodation of 4 Native Officers, 200 Rank and File, and 21 followers, expected to arrive from Mombassa on or about the 20th instant.

AS a temporary measure Mr. A. H. M. Ostrehan acts as District Superintendent of Police in the Karachi District and Mr. O. C. G. Hayter in the Thar and Parkar district vice Mr. C. MacIver retiring.

LIEUTENANT H. S. STRONG acts as second-in-command of the Kolhapur Infantry Corps and ex officio assistant to the Political Agent, Kolhapur, in addition to his own duties as acting adjutant of the Corps.

CAPTAIN B. H. F. LEUMANN, M.B., I.M.S., has been granted furlough to Europe for one year, on medical certificate, from the date on which he was relieved of his duties under the Government of Natal.

THE whole of the troops moving in relief to Chitral arrived at Mirga on the 14th instant. The 36th Sikhs have halted at Dir, where they remain until the relieved garrison join them, when all return together to India.

MR. HODSON, Director of Railway Construction, Public Works Department, proceeds home on short leave on November 3rd. Mr. Spring, Consulting Engineer for Railways, Madras, will probably officiate for him.

THE services of Captain H. N. Roome, 7th Bombay Lancers, and Lieutenants H. Tatum and A. H. E. Mosse, 9th Bombay Infantry, on famine duty, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Revenue and Agricultural Department.

THE Government of India have sanctioned the abolition of the Khyber District Military Works. The block houses and other buildings in the Pass will be placed under the Commanding Royal Engineer, Peshawar District, for maintenance.

THE services of Lieutenant A. A. McHarg, R.E., and Lieutenant M. O'C. Tandy, R.E., Assistant Superintendents, second grade, Survey of India Department, lately on famine duty, have been replaced at the disposal of the Government of India.

MR. E. GREENWOOD, Principal, Sir J. J. School of Art, has been granted three months' extension of leave on medical certificate and Mr. O. V. Muller, M.A., Professor of history and political economy, Elphinstone College, has been granted four months' extension of furlough.

IT has been decided that the native infantry garrison at Guntok shall in future be found by the Assam Gurkha regiments. Two companies of 44th Gurkhas will accordingly be moved this winter from Shillong to Guntok. The two companies of the 18th Bengal Infantry now at Guntok will, on relief by the 44th, return to regimental head-quarters at Dinapur.

THERE was a serious increase of crime last year in the Henzada District in Burma, and the Inspector-General of Police quaintly describes it as being due to "better reporting and stricter supervision." This, the Lieutenant-Governor drily remarks, "is hardly a sufficient explanation." The report on the Police administration of Burma contains over 100 pages of matter, but, remarks a contemporary, is not illumined by any gleams of humour or human nature beyond that indicated above.

A PORTION of a consignment of chestnut seedlings and grafted plants, expected in India from Veitch and Sons nursery in Chelsea, about the end of the year is to be sent to Kulu for experimental cultivation. In this connection it may be noted that there are now to be had in Simla edible chestnuts, the fruit of plants sent out for trial a few years back. The fruit is smaller than one gets at Home; the quality of the Indian growth is, however, good, it being both well developed and well flavoured.

IT is unlikely that the proposal to increase the garrison of Lebong to a full regiment of British Infantry and to reduce the garrison of Dum-Dum to four companies can be given effect to for some time to come. The necessary accommodation for the wing at Lebong has to be provided before the change can be carried out. The removal of the wing of British Infantry from the enervating climate of Dum-Dum to the hills will more then compensate for the extra expenditure on the buildings.

THE epigraphical section of the Lucknow Museum has lately been enriched by the addition of five copper plate inscriptions with seals acquired through the courtesy of the Collector of Benares. They were discovered during excavations near the Bhadaini Temple at Benares. Professor Venis, Principal of Queen's College, Benares, to whom they were submitted for examination, ascribes them to the Hindu kings of Kanauj. One inscription, ascribed to King Jaya Chandra Deva of Kanauj, is dated 1202 Samvat (A.D. 1145). The Museum possesses several copperplate grants of the kings of Kanauj, but the newly acquired inscriptions are a valuable acquisition, as they are generally in good preservation, and are likely to throw, when completely deciphered, additional light on the dynastic history of the period in question.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending October 16 was 940, giving a death-rate of 57·52 per annum per thousand as against 49·35 the corresponding period of last year, and 41·82 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 94 died from fevers; 85, plague; 17, cholera; 3, leprosy; 2 phthisis; 152, diseases of the nervous system; 167, affections of the respiratory organs; 64, diarrhœa; 30, dysentery; 31, still-born; 79, old age and debility; 27, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 56; Brahmin, 27; Lingaet, 2; Bhattia, 7; Hindu of other caste, 481; Hindu low caste, 103; Musalman, 203; Parsee, 23; Jew, 3; Native Christian, 22; Eurasian, 3; European, 8; Negro-African, 1; other and unknown castes, 1. The total number of births was 283 as against 231, the corresponding period of last year, and 251 the average over the past five years.

A LONDON correspondent writing to a provincial paper says:—"I am sorry to hear that Mr. J. M. Maclean, late member for Cardiff, has been laid up for some weeks at Frankfort-on-the-Main with an attack of muscular rheumatism. As Mr. Chamberlain will doubtless be glad to learn, Mr. Maclean is standing aside altogether from the general election, in which, indeed, in the present state of his health he is quite unfit to take part. The new House of Commons will be the poorer for Mr. Maclean's absence."

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE CRISIS IN CHINA.

THE EMPEROR WILLIAM AND CHINA AFFAIRS.

MORE CHINESE TRICKS.

THE CHINESE REBELLION.

THE RUSSIAN MINISTER AT PEKING.

LONDON, OCT. 18.

It is understood that the Emperor William has latterly personally directed the Chinese policy of the Empire with Count Bulow and consulting Prince Hohenlohe but little.

It is stated at Berlin Prince that Hohenlohe, the German Chancellor, has resigned.

The Reichstag is summoned to meet on the 14th November.

A despatch from Peking, dated the 15th inst., says that the Edict ordering the punishment of Prince Tuan and other Princes is now believed to be a forgery to mislead the Powers.

The Chinese rebels have captured Muckow on the East River and apprehensions are felt regarding Canton.

The Russian Minister and Legation are returning to Peking.

LATER.

The "Cologne Gazette" announces semi-officially that Count Bulow has been appointed Imperial Chancellor.

THE COMING PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

LONDON, OCT. 18.

Mr. Bryan has opened a vigorous campaign in New York and is addressing huge audiences.

The betting however is 5 to 1 on McKinley being again returned.

THE COMING MEETING OF PARLIAMENT.

Parliament will not meet before the middle of January.

THE THIBETAN MISSION.

The Thibetan Mission, now at St. Petersburg, intends to visit London to ask the permission of the British Government to travel through India to China.

REVIVAL OF THE LANCASHIRE TRADE.

Lancashire is nearing the end of the cotton trouble. Supplies are increasing and values rapidly declining.

A large business was arranged a fortnight ago for the delivery of fine fabrics in India early next year.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, OCT. 18.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. India, with the outward Mails of the 12th instant, left Suez, at 5 a.m. to-day.

INFANTRY RELIEFS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, OCT. 18.

The following revised Infantry Reliefs have been sanctioned :—1st Warwickshires, Fort St. George, to Belgaum ; 1st Norfolks, Bombay, to Dumdum ; 1st Devonshires, South Africa, to Cawnpore ; 1st Royal Fusiliers, Nusserabad, to Mandalay ; 2nd Yorkshires, Dagshai, to Sitapur and Benares ; 1st Royal Scots Fusiliers, Peshawar, to Allahabad ; 1st Cheshires, Secunderabad, to Quetta ; 2nd K. O. S. Bs., Cawnpore, to Thayetmyo and Meikhla ; 1st Hampshires, Peshawar, to Nowshera ; 1st Dorsets, Nowshera, to Ferozepore ; 1st Oxfordshire Light Infantry, Ferozepore to Bombay, Ahmedabad, Deesa and Deolali ; 2nd Kings Royal Rifle Corps, South Africa to Sialkot and Amritsar ; 1st Wiltshires, Quetta, to Peshawar ; 2nd Connaught Rangers, Meerut, to Nusserabad and Neemuch ; Durham Light Infantry, Mandalay, to England ; 1st East Yorkshires, Belgaum, to Fort St. George and Bellary ; 1st South Wales Borderers, Chakrata, to Peshawar ; 1st Royal Highlanders, Sitapur and Benares, to Kamptee ; 2nd Essex Shwebo and Bhamo, to England ; 1st Middlesex, Wellington, to Secunderabad ; 2nd Royal Munster Fusiliers, Dinapore and Lebong, to England ; 3rd Rifle Brigade, Rawalpindi, to Meerut ; 1st East Kents, Kamptee, to Shwebo and Bhamo ; 1t Shropshire Light Infantry Poona, to Aden ; 1st Royal West Kents, Aden, to Malta : 2nd Sussex, Sialkot and Amritsar, to England ; 2nd Royal Irish, Mhow and Indore, to Malta ; 1st Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, Dumdum, to Ceylon ; 1st Gloucesters, South Africa, to Rawalpindi ; 1st Seaforth Highlanders, Egypt, to Chakrata ; 1st Essex, South Africa, to Wellington ; 1st Royal Munster Fusiliers, South Africa, to Bangalore ; 1st Sussex, South Africa to Dagshai ; 1st Durham Light Infantry, South Africa, to Ranikhet ; 2nd Shropshire Light Infantry, South Africa, to Mhow and Indore ; 1st Leicestershire Regiment, South Africa, to Poona ; and 1st Kings Liverpool Regiment, South Africa, to Dinapore and Lebong.

SAVING TO GOVERNMENT.

It is estimated that some sixty lakhs of rupees in addition to the amount budgeted for last March have been saved to the Government of India, owing to continued absence of the South African and China contingents.

FAMINE RELIEF.

The numbers under famine relief have dropped by another half a million this week, and are now down to less than two millions. The principal decreases are in the Central Provinces, which now have three quarters of million on gratuitous and 32,000 on relief works. In Bombay Presidency there are 600,000 on relief, but slightly over half of whom are receiving gratuitous help.

MILITARY APPOINTMENT.

Captain Wilson, 1st East Surrey Regiment, is appointed assistant Inspector, Army Signalling, Madras, and Bombay Command, for the ensuing winter.

PRESENTATION OF MEDALS.

The Commander-in-Chief next Saturday presents the East African Medal to a detachments of the 4th Bombay Rifles on duty here under Captain Walton.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

BOERS ADVANCING ON LYDENBURG.

PRESENTATION OF A SWORD TO GENERAL BULLER.

LONDON, OCT. 18.

Lord Roberts reports a number of skirmishes as taking place in the Orange River Colony and Western Transvaal, in one of which Lieutenant Attfield has been killed.

The War Office announces that the Order in which the troops are to return from South Africa will defend entirely on the military exigencies.

Every endeavour will be made to repatriate all soldiers returning to civil life.

General Botha is advancing on Lydenburg which way possibly be besieged.

General Buller speaking at Maritzburg on the occasion of the presentation to him of a sword of honour, defended himself against the criticisms that had been passed on him, and said when he arrived in Africa he had to face unparalleled difficulties.

TWO DANGERS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

A correspondent, writing in a home paper, says :—We are told that the war is over, and that in the course of the next few days an official declaration to that effect may be looked for. Viewed in the light of what meagre news is allowed to filter through from the war correspondents, the statement is not wholly convincing. If the war is over, the fighting is not ; fresh drafts are still going out to join the forces in South Africa, and there seems little prospect of our being able to bring home from the seat of war any appreciable number of our soldiers for some months to come. This being so, it may not be out of place to consider what a prolongation, we will not say of the war, but of a condition of things requiring the maintenance of a large army in South Africa may mean. In this connection a letter from Mr. Rompel, late editor of the "Volksstem," which appeared a few days ago in the Amsterdam "Handelsblad" is not without a painful interest. Mr. Rompel heads his letter "When Summer Comes." He points out that the South African summer will soon be upon us, and draws a lurid picture of the added difficulties and dangers which its coming will involve for our army. He lays on the sombre tints with no sparing hand, and there is very probably a good deal of exaggeration in his picture. At the same time, our soldiers have suffered so much already from the ignoring of the predictions of men intimately acquainted with South Africa and its climate that it is to be hoped our authorities would not disdain to learn even from an enemy, and to take all precautions possible against the perils he foreshadows. Mr. Rompel foretells danger for us in two directions. In the first place, he points out that in many of the towns where there was a heavy mortality from enteric fever in the ealier months of this year the burial-grounds lie above the general level of the town, and he maintains that this fact will lead, when the torrential summer rains come on, to an outbreak of enteric of even more appaling dimensions than that through which we have passed. In the present state of our knowledge concerning the possibility or otherwise of the prolonged existence of the typhoid bacillus in the soil, the danger cannot be pronounced off-hand to be illusory, and it is feventy to be hoped that no precaution will be omitted to minimise the peril. The other danger to which Mr. Rompel draws attention is of quite a different kind. It is that of the complete destruction by the swollen rivers of all our temporary bridges erected in place of those destroyed by the Boers. These bridges are marvels of engineering skill, and have excited the unstinted professional admiration of the deported railway officials as they passed them on their journey from Pretoria to East London. They are, however, hardly calculated to withstand a South African river in flood, and Mr. Rompel predicts that they will all be crumpled up and swept away as though they were made of the "sides of cigar-boxes." In that case De Wet seems likely to have a good deal of his favourite work taken off his hands, and the difficulties of provisioning the army will be very greatly increased.

POONA HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

ENTRIES.

POONA, OCT. 18.

Eleven teams have entered for the Poona Hockey Tournament, which commences from Monday next, namely, 1st, 16th and 29th Field Batteries, King's Shropshire Light Infantry, Royal Artillery, Colaba, Norfolk Regiment, Royal Scots, Poona Gymkhana, 16th and 17th Bombay Infantry and 28th Pioneers.

RUGBY FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

To-day's match in the Sandhurst Rugby Football Tournament was played on the Gymkhana ground between the Shropshire and the Norfolk Regiments. The former were a much heavier and better drilled lot than their opponents. Their combination was much admired and the passing was excellent. The Norfolks maintained the struggle very gamely, although the issue could only tend one way. Their forwards were generally overborne by those of the Shropshires, and the attacks consequently fell on three-quarter's backs ; however, they had good quarter with splendid man in Lieutenant Balderson to head them. His play was repeatedly applauded, and the Shropshires won the match by two goals (one from a try) and four tries or 21 points to nil.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, OCT. 17.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm.
Surats steady.
Good Bhownugger 4 20-32.
The Manchester Market has been dull.

2 3-4 per cents. Consols	98 7-8
3 per cents. Rentes	100
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	109 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee papers	64 1-2
Bar Silver	29 3-16

In reviewing the Report on the administration of Criminal Justice in the Madras Presidency for the year 1899, the Madras Government states that the anti-Shanar riots in Tinnevelly present the only extraordinary feature in the crime of 1899, and account for an increase in robberies and dacoities, as well as for the unusual prevalence of grave crime in that District. The considerable decrease of 15 50 per cent. in the number of reported thefts is remarkable. The decrease in the number of prosecutions under the Salt and Abkari Acts may, it is hoped, be regarded as indicating a growing respect for the laws which secure the salt and abkari revenue. The number of offences against the Abkari Act is unfortunately still very large. No case of false coining on a large scale has been brought to notice, and there is no reason to apprehend that the appreciation of the rupee has led to any material increase in this class of offence in Madras. The Report is on the whole satisfactory.

The War Office has in preparation a new infantry drill book. The last, it is well-known, was prepared by Sir Redvers Buller. It was far in advance of anything that had previously been issued. The old idea was that drill was drill, and tactics, of which drill is the foundation, was quite another thing. Sir Redvers, who is one of the most progressive and enlightened soldiers we have, realised when he was at the War Office that to be a drill book it should be a manual of tactics as well, showing how the principles of drill, if sound, lead inevitably to tactical application. But the drill book at present authorised was based entirely upon the Martini-Henry rifle. Therefore the War Department has appointed certain officers to revise the infantry drill book, and bring it up to date with the formations, especially those of "the attack," which the evolution of small arms has rendered necessary

ART, MUSIC AND DRAMA.

NEW PRODUCTION AT DRURY LANE.

A GREAT SUCCESS.

THE HANDY MAN AT ALHAMBRA.

LONDON, SEPT. 28.

Truly a wonderful production, with something in it to please everybody ! That is the verdict that will be generally passed upon the interesting and beautifully-mounted new drama which Cecil Raleigh has provided for this theatre. "The Prize of Peace," unlike its predecessors here, does not wholly depend upon great scenes produced by mechanical effects. We have them, it is true, in abundance ; in fact, both Mr. Raleigh and Mr. Collins have surpassed themselves this time in providing playgoers with sensational effects. Their dramatic pudding is positively welling over with plums, which quite apart from the other ingredients, would make it well worthy of the fullest attention of the most epicurean playgoer. But Mr. Raleigh has not been content to merely weave together a few great scenes with a fine thread of story. Rather has he sought this time to advance the tone of melodrama, and to illustrate a dramatic political story with a series of striking stage pictures, among which may be mentioned the superb wedding scene in Westminster Abbey, one of the most magnificent spectacles ever seen on our stage, and the wonderfully realistic set in the House of Commons during a debate, which culminates in the sudden death of Lord Derwent. At this moment, when the General Election is occupying everyone's attention, nothing could be happier than the story set before Drury Lane patrons in this new play, Mr Raleigh has evidently kept well before him the fact that even in their moments of recreation the British public like to show their interest in their country's welfare, and if the walls of Drury Lane do not ring to the echo with applause at the intrigues connected with the political crisis hinted at in the play and the allusions to England and warfare we shall be greatly surprised.

Lord Derwent, the Premier, cuts a less heroic figure than Mr. Raleigh evidently designed or the spectator could desire, for his shooting of Count Ostadine, who, through the agency of Benton, the villain, has obtained possession at the Premier's house of an important dispatch, certainly alienates sympathy from him. Mr. Raleigh has in the House of Commons scene tried to secure this for him by giving Lord Derwent a passionate speech of explanation, at the end of which he dies of excitement, and here it may be said that Mr Henry Neville's tactful manner and fine acting go a very long way towards carrying this scene to its brilliantly successful climax. Lord Derwent's daughter, Kathleen, is the heroine of "The Price of Peace," and is directly responsible for all the realistic scenes. It is in a ward of St. Thomas's Hospital we first make her acquaintance. Here she is a nurse, and her patient is an "accident case," who confides to her the secret that he is not the man who committed a certain robbery, but that he has borne the blame on consideration that the real culprit provided for his wife and child. Lady Kathleen further learns that this trust has been broken, and undertakes to see after the now motherless girl, but her patient dies before he can tell her the name of the real culprit. On the terrace of the House of Commons Lady Kathleen tells this story to her father's chief opponent in the House of Commons, one Benton. It then becomes evident that he is the man referred to. Learning of the whereabouts of his victim's child he endeavors to secure possession of her, but Lady Kathleen has already removed her from the convent, which furnishes one of the prettiest, as it is one of the most realistic scenes in the play. Next he prejudices Lady Kathleen against her lover, and at the very alter she refuses to become his wife. It is he, too, with the innocent connivance of Lady Kathleen, who gets the dispatch which brings about so tragic a result, and finally, having inveigled the daughter of his former victim, Vine, with her protector, the kindly Baroness Manola Blanco, on his yacht, he himself is disposed of by sensational means. A fog arises, the yacht is run down, and in the melee which ensues, Benton is strangled by a Chinaman who owes him a grudge, whilst the ladies are saved by clinging to the mast of the Marigold.

In a play of this kind it is sound and sympathetic acting with broad effects that is most required. Mr. Neville brings the whole weight of his valuable experience to bear upon the character of Lord Derwent, a very telling picture of villainy is provided in Mr. Cooper Cliffe's Benton, and some very good parliamentary types are presented by Mr. C. G. Allan, Mr. Charles Lowne, Mr. Fred Emney, and Mr. Alfred Bucklaw. Mrs. Cecil Raleigh has a much more sympathetic though less effective part than usual as the Baroness Blanco, whose smart sayings she delivers with most excellent effect. Miss Lettice Fairfax does her utmost to make Lady Kathleen a fascinating and sympathetic heroine, but it cannot honestly be said that the part, or that of her lover, Harold Vincent, which is played by Mr. Frank Atherley, offer very favourable opportunities for good acting. The dresses in the new play are magnificent, and Mr. Cecil Raleigh and Mr. Arthur Collins are both to be most heartily congratulated on having given playgoers so interesting, so unconventional, and so fine a melodrama.

After a period of uninterrupted success, "The Soldiers of the Queen" at the Alhambra was on Tuesday provided with a handmate in the shape of a new ballet entitled "The Handy Man." The development of the modern ballet in the direction of spoken words and vocal scores in place of purely pantomimic action—which was one of the elements of the initial and continued success of "Soldiers of the Queen"—was a notable factor in "The Handy Man" production last night. The scene opens with a realistic representation of H. M. S. Loyalty, in which bluejackets and midshipman sing and dance. "The Handy Man" cannot quite be said to have "found himself or his ship" as yet, but there were gleams of the rollicking devil-may-care Jack Tar. The last scene is an Oriental one, in which a potentate, styled Sadi Bey, appears. The scene, though brilliant, is admirably harmonious in colour. The old gorgeousness of the classic ballet has been here much toned down, and it is the better for the process. Mr. Frank Celli, a former Carl Rosa vocalist, and now a well-known actor-singer at the variety halls, has at last been pressed into the service of the ballet. He takes the part of Sadi Bey, but though looking a dignified and august potentate, was scarcely in good voice. The "hit" of the evening was undoubtedly Miss Judith Espinosa (a daughter of the famous ballet master) as Aida, the passionate and jealous Egyptian slave. This is, we believe, her first appearance in England.

The most interesting dramatic incident of the week centres round "The Lackeys' Carnival," which it was intended to produce at the Duke of York's Theatre on Friday last. Miss Evelyn Millard (now Mrs. Coulter) was engaged to take the leading lady's part in Mr. Jones's play. Miss Millard commenced rehearsals, but took exception to three lines, which she considered objectionable, and as lines, which might easily be altered without taking from any strength the scene might possess. Mr. Jones considered the lines in question vital to the play, and to this Miss Millard retorted that she has yet to learn that the position of an actress deprives her of all right to consideration as a woman. Miss Millard stated that this is not the first time that lines have occurred in a play by Mr. Jones that an artist has felt it impossible to speak in public ; and in this connection it is is recalled that on three occasions now there have been difficult relations with leading members of companies engaged to portray this author's work on the stage. Some four years ago, Mrs. Patrick Campbell, after rehearsing in "Michael and His Lost Angel" at the Lyceum, threw up her part, which was subsequently played by another actress. Eighteen months ago Mr. Lewis Waller refused to speak certain lines allotted to him in "Carnac Sahib" at her Majesty's. The result of this particular contretemps was, it may be remembered, that Mr. Tree temporarily conducted rehearsals without the presence of the author. The third occasion is that of Miss Millard, which has resulted in the postponement of the public production of the play till Wednesday last. Miss Millard's part in Mr. Jones's play is being taken by Miss Edith Wynne Matthison, who has made a favourable impression in the provinces in Mr. Ben Greet's company. Miss Matthison is a niece of the late Mr. Arthur Matthison, the dramatist.

In one of his letters to the Press on the "Debt of Honour" dramatic coincidence, Mr. Sydney Grundy remarked that "if gossip may be trusted, Mr. J. M. Barrie's drama, 'The Wedding Guest,' shortly to be produced by Mr. Arthur Bourchier, at the Garrick, runs on precisely the same lines." Mr Arthur Bourchier, however, explains that so far as he is aware the only resemblance between Mr. Barrie's play and Mr. Grundys and Mrs. Cliffords plays lies in the fact that two women happen to love the same man. Mr. Bourchier says he has not seen Mr. Grundy's play, but as regards Mrs. Clifford's Likeness of the Night," in all else except the resemblance he mentions Mr. Barrie's play is as unlike it as "Hamlet" is unlike "Romeo and Juliet." "The idea of two women in love with one man, I believe," adds Mr. Bourchier, "dates its origin from the Old Testament, e.g., Abraham loved by Hagar and Sara, Jacob loved by Leah and Rachel, Ahasuerus loved by Vashti and Esther. In contemporary drama, I distinctly remember a play by the late Tom Taylor, called 'Two Loves and a Life,' and also the late Tom Robertson's adaptation from the French entitled 'The Ladies,' Battle' in which the same enviable position of the man forms the subject matter of the play."

"Self and Lady," which was last week produced at the Vaudeville by Messrs. Gatti and Frohman, is a farce of purely French origin, which has reached us without any process of filtration, that is to say its author, M. Pierre Decourcelle, wrote it for the English stage, without first submitting it to the criticism of his own countrymen. This fact, however, will not the more convince Vaudeville audiences that it possesses any special merit, and, indeed, it may even be wished that the piece had been previously tested in its native land, where its thinness and conventionality of plot would have been overlooked. We need not go to French dramatists for such work as this. There are some funny moments and many smart lines in the new farce, and Mr. Cosmo Stuart finds a very good character study in Hecteor de Champagnac, a dilapidated operatic artist with a furiously jealous wife, most amusingly played by Miss Fanny Brough ; but we have seen hundreds of plays of the same pattern, and many which were brighter and less conventional and fuller of character than "Self and Lady." It is disappointing to find that Miss Ellaline Terris has little to do in it beyond looking pretty and graceful. Mr. Seymour Hicks and Mr. Herbert Standing find congenial parts as a couple of mendacious gay dogs.

Our foremost body of metropolitan chorus singers, the Royal Choral Society, commences its thirtieth season on Thursday, November 8, and the committee of management has just issued a prospectus of the arrangements concluded. Eight Concerts are to be given in the course of the season, the performances taking place, as usual, in the Royal Albert Hall ; but the repertory will be confined almost exclusively to familiar works, the only composition to be brought forward which the society has not hitherto attempted being the sacred cantata "Hora Novissima," by the American composer Horatio W. Parker, whose later work, "The Wanderer's Psalm," constituted one of the novelties of the recent Hereford Festival. For the opening night of the season Mendelssohn's "Elijah" has been selected, when Mme. Ella Russell, Mme. Clara Butt, Mr. Lloyd Chandos, and Mr. Andrew Black will be the principal vocalists, and at the second Concert, on Thursday, Dec. 6, we are to have Handel's military oratorio "Judas Maccabæus," with Miss Esther Palliser, Miss Maggie Purvis, Mme. Belle Cole, Mr. Charles Saunders, Mr. William Fell, and Mr. Watkin Mills as the leading singers. On New Year's Day there will be the customary performance of Handel's "The Messiah," with Mme. Albani, Mme. Belle Cole, Mr. William Green, and Mr. Watkin Mills as the soloists, and at the second concert in the new year, fixed for Thursday, Jan. 24. Mr S. Coleridge-Taylor's "Scenes from the Song of Hiawatha," first given in its entirety under this Society's auspices last year, will be repeated, when Mme. Ella Russell, Mr. Ben Davies, and Mr. Andrew Black will be the leading vocalists. Of late years it has been customary each Ash Wednesday to give a performance of Gounod's sacred trilogy "The Redemption." This season, however, the work will be replaced by Mr Parker's "Hora Novissima" (which has already been heard at both the Worcester and the Chester Musical Festivals) and by Beethoven's Choral Symphony, when Mme. Sobrino, Mlle. Giulia Ravogli. Mr William Green, and Mr Andrew Black will form the solo quartet. Handells "Israel in Egypt," with Mme. Sobrino, Miss Maggie Purvis, Miss Ada Crossley, Mr. William Green, Mr Andrew Black, and Mr Watkin Mills as principals, will be heard on March 14 ; "The Messiah" will be repeated on Good Friday (April 5), with Miss Esther Palliser Miss Ada Crossley, Mr. Ben Davies, and Mr. Watkin Mills as the soloists ; and the season will be brought to a close on Thursday, April 25, with a performance of Mendelssohn's "Walpurgis Night" and the same composer's "Hymn of Praise." The Band and Chorus will, as heretofore, number 1,000 performers, the Society will again have the advantage of the services of Sir Frederick Bridge as conductor, and the arrangements for the new season appear to be altogether of a promising character.

ORGAN RECITAL AT BOMBAY CATHEDRAL.

To-night at the Cathedral Dr. Cresser, organist and composer to her Majesty Chapel Royal, Buckingham Palace, will give an organ recital in connection with the appointment of Mr. Edgar Faulkner as organist at Bombay Cathedral. Mr. Faulkner is a talented musician and vocalist, and he gained the position of organist at Allahabad Cathedral by sheer merit. After six years in this position he went to Calcutta, and there acted as organist at the Cathedral during Mr. Slater's absence on furlough. He also gained renown as the conductor of the Calcutta Philharmonic Society, and acted as Secretary for the London Trinity College of music examinations, and it was in connection with the last examination that Dr. Cresser came to India. Calcutta sent up 90 pupils, 20 of whom were prepared by Mr. Faulkner and 18 passed. Three of his students sat for the higher or teacher's examination and two passed, one gaining the associateship of the College. The programme arranged for to-night is an excellent one, and a large audience will doubtless gather to hear Dr. Cresser's performance.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

The R. I. M. ship Clive, which is to convey the Viceregal party during the coming tour, will leave Bombay on Tuesday next for Karachi, from which port she goes to Mandvie, arriving on the 31st inst. She is due at Diu on November 2, at Verawal on the 3rd, and Bombay on November 4th.

MILITARY NEWS.

Lieutenant Gratton, 1st Punjab Infantry, has been appointed Orderly Officer to Brigadier-General Vousden, Commanding the Malakand force.

Owing to the continued presence of lymphangitis epizootica amongst the horses of the 1st and 2nd Madras Lancers, it has been decided these regiments cannot be moved this winter. The movements in relief of the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Madras Lancers have, therefore, been cancelled.

Major-General Elles, Adjutant-General, accompanies the Commander-in-Chief on his Excellency's tour of inspection.

Brigadier-General Gilchrist is confirmed a District Commander, 2nd Class, in succession to Brigadier-General Cummins, vacated.

The camp offices of the Adjutant-General, Quartermaster-General, and Principal Medical Officer of her Majesty's Forces in India, open at Fort William on the 15th December.

Surgeon-General Harvey makes the following inspection tour :—Leave Simla 22nd October, visit Lahore and Karachi, halt at Bombay 3rd to 7th November, Hyderabad 8th to 12th, Mysore 13th, Calicut 16th to 19th, Ootacamund 20th to 22nd, Madras 29th November to 4th December, Rajahmundry 7th to 10th, Vizagapatam 10th to 13th, Cuttack 15th to 18th, and arrive Calcutta on the 19th December.

ROYAL BOMBAY GOLF CLUB.

FORTY TWA MEDAL.

The second competition in connection with the Forty Twa Medal was played on Thursday morning, when Mr. C. W. Francis qualified for the final. He returned a good card of 44, and his handicap allowance being seven, his nett total was reduced to 37, or four strokes better than his nearest competitors. The course is very hard, and quite a distinct style of golf, as compared with the play necessary a month ago, is now required.

Mr. Pechey and Mr. Marshall agreed to decide their game in the first round of the Macdonald Cup by Thursday morning's play, with the result that the players tied. In order to arrive at a decision a further six holes by match play took place. Mr. Marshall's drives at the first two holes were not good, while his opponent played steadily. The former had not the best of luck at the next hole or he would have won it, but the next hole he allowed his opponent to win in four, and the game ended in Mr. Pechey's favour by three up and two to play.

In the second round of the Cup Messrs. A. C. Owen and W. P. Pechey meet, the other couple being Messrs. Carson and Stansfield.

The following are the best returns :—

	Gross.	Handicap.	Nett.
Mr. C. W. Francis	44	7	37
Mr. A. T. Spalding	43	scr.	43
Capt. Hudson	52	9	43
Mr. C. W. Carson	49	5	44
Mr. W. P. Pechey	43	plus 2	45
Mr. Osborne Marshall	43	plus 2	45
Mr. D. Miller	47	2	45
Dr. Macdonald	46	scr.	46
Mr. J. Humphrey	58	6	47

R. I. M. S. CANNING.

The Royal Indian Marine Steamer Canning, Commander A. J. G. Piffard will sail to-day for Calicut (empty). She arrives there on the 22nd, leaving on the 23rd with 88 details ; arrives at Rangoon on the 30th and leaves on the 3rd November for Port Blair with one company, British troops and 3 companies of a Native Infantry and is due there on the 5th. She leaves Port Blair on the 7th November with the relieved companies and arrives at Rangoon on the 9th. Thence she proceeds to Calcutta (empty), and leaves that port on the 21st, with a wing of the Duke of Cornwalls Light Infantry and arrives at Colombo on the 30th. She leaves Colombo on the 3rd December with troops and arrives at Calcutta on the 12th, leaving again on the 15th with the Second Wing of the Duke of Cornwall's L. I. and arrives at Colombo on the 24th, and is due at Bombay on the 27th December.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

MORE RAIN WANTED.

The following extracts from the Bombay Season Reports for the week ending 16th October show where the rainfall still leaves much to be desired :—

Ahmedabad—(For week ending 13th October 1900).—No rain during week. Standing crops in good condition in all talukas except Sanand, where they are withering for want of rain. Rain badly wanted for rice and late kharif crops and also for rabi sowing. Agricultural stock in good condition. Dry grass and jowari not available, as new grass has not yet been cut and bound in bundles.

Panch Mahals.—No rain during week. Rain badly wanted for rice and other late sown crops. Standing crops withering. Fodder supply ample. Agricultural stock in good condition.

Khandesh.—No rain during week. More rain wanted in Dhulia, Amalner, Chalisgaon, Nandurbar, Sindkhada, Bhusaval, Jalgaon and Jamner talukas and in Parola and Edalabad pathas. Reaping of kharif crops in progress. Sowing of rabi crops commenced in some places. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock good.

Nasik.—No rain during week. Rain wanted for rabi sowing in Peint, Chandor, Sinnar, Nandgaon and Kalvan talukas. Lands being prepared for rabi sowings in Dindori, Igatpuri and Baglan talukas. Rabi sowing commenced in Nasik, Peint, Chandor, Sinnar, Malegaon, Nandgaon and Kalvan talukas. Standing crops in good condition generally, but require more rain in Nasik, Yeola and Malegaon talukas. Bajri crops suffered a little from excessive rain in Dindori taluka. Reaping of rice and nagli commenced in Peint and Nasik talukas, and of rice in Nasik, Sinnar, Niphad, Nandgaon and Baglan talukas. Condition of cattle good. Supply of grass ample. Dry grass not obtainable at Nasik.

Ahmednagar.—No rain during week. Rain very badly wanted for rabi cultivation. Reaping of kharif crops and rabi sowing continue. Condition of fodder supply and cattle satisfactory. Prices of food-grains and karbi at Nagar stationary.

Poona.—No rain during week. Rain wanted throughout the district generally, but urgently in the eastern portion of the district. Reaping of early kharif crops commenced in Junnar, Khed, in dapur and four talukas. Standing kharif crops in Purandhar and Maval talukas in good condition. Lands being prepared for rabi sowing in Mulshi petha. Rabi seeds sown in some villages of the eastern part of the district, but the seedlings are suffering for want of rain. Fodder supply sufficient. Condition of cattle good.

Sholapur—(For week ending 13th October 1900).—No rain during week. Heavy rain urgently wanted throughout the district. Kharif crops withering. Rabi sowing in progress in some villages, but generally retarded for want of rain. Green grass plentiful. Condition of cattle good. Price of jowari risen in Barsi, Madha, Karmala and Pandharpur talukas and steady in Sholapur, Sangola and Malsiras talukas.

Satara.—No rain during week. Rain urgently wanted throughout the district for rabi sowing. Reaping of bajri and other kharif crops in progress in some places. Condition of cattle good. Prices of food-grains risen in Karad, Valva, Satara, Wai, Javli, Koregaon and Patan talukas and Shirala and Khandala pethas, and stationary elsewhere.

Bijapur.—No rain during week. Rabi sowing in progress in places where rainfall was sufficient in all talukas except Bijapur. Agricultural stock healthy.

Belgaum.—Rain during week 6 cents at Sampgaon, none elsewhere. More rain badly wanted everywhere. Standing crops of rice and jowari withering for want of moisture everywhere except in Chandgad petha and parts of Athni and Parasgad talukas, where rain fell in the previous week. Sowing of late crops retarded in Gokak taluka and parts of Athni and Parasgad talukas. Average price of rice 15 and of jowari 18 lbs. per rupee. Fodder becoming dear in Gokak, Athni and Parasgad talukas.

Dharwar.—Rain during week 83 cents at Dharwar, 1 inch 36 cents at Gadag, 49 cents at Karajgi, none elsewhere. Sowing of wheat commenced in parts of Hubli and Navalgund talukas and Nargund and Mundargi pet has, and retarded in other places for want of rain. Standing crops generally withering for want of heavy rain except in Dharwar taluka, where recent rainfall has been beneficial. Heavy showers urgently needed everywhere. Condition of cattle good.

THE LUCKNOW DINNER.

The annual dinner in commemoration of the entry into Lucknow of the force under Generals Havelock and Outram was held on Sept. 25 at the Hotel Metropole.

General Sir William Olpherts, V. C., presided on this occasion, as he has done every year since the death of Lord Napier of Magdala. About 25 officers were present who had taken part in the famous siege or assisted in its relief. Seven of them were members of the original garrison of Lucknow. Among the company were :—General Sir George Barker, Col. W. A. Battine, Col J. P. Blake, General Chamier, Col. W. Cleland, Surg.-Gen. Sir Anthony Home, V. C., Capt. Knight, General J. May, General M'Leod Innes, V. C., Capt. Pearson, General Russell, Capt. Robertson, General Stewart, Col. W. C. Thomas, Col. Brown, V. C., General Ruggles, Mr. H. D. Willock, B. C. S., Mr. Arthur Dashwood, Mr. Alexander Dashwood, and Capt. Robertson.

The loyal toasts were proposed by the chairman, and drunk with the greatest enthusiasm. General Olpherts then gave "Our Departed Comrades," mentioning among them the names of Havelock, Outram, Neill, Lord Napier of Magdala, Macpherson, Palliser, Dodgson, Crommelin, Oldfield, Campbell of the 90th Goldsworthy, and Lynch. The toast was drunk in solemn silence, and Sir G. Barker then gave "The Health of Absent Comrades," which was duly honoured. General Olpherts next proposed the toast of the evening, 'The Illustrious Garrison of Lucknow,' coupled with the name of General M'Leod Innes. The toast was drunk amid loud cheers. General Innes returned thanks, and in return gave "The Relieving Force," for which the chairman responded. "The Health of the Chairman" was proposed by Col. Brown and drunk amid loud and continued cheering. General Olpherts briefly returned thanks, and proposed the health of three of the soldiers who were present at the siege—namely, Sergt. Macdonald, Bugler Horwell, and Sergt. Comber. Sergt. Macdonald responded, and the proceedings terminated.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

Yesterday an adjourned meeting of the Corporation was held, the Hon'ble Mr. Burke presiding.

THE OPENING UP OF CONGESTED AREAS.

A QUESTION OF BOARD ALIGNMENT.

The Corporation resumed consideration of the report of the Special Committee appointed to consider an altered alignment proposed by the City Improvement Trust for the street scheme (No. 2) for the Chukla, Market, and Dhobi Talao section of Ward "C." The Committee after considering several proposed alignments recommended one more northerly than the others. The Hon. Mr. Mehta had moved the adoption of the report and to that Mr. K. N. Wadia proposed as an amendment that the report be approved with the alteration that the road commencing from the Queen's road point should include the new Lohar Street and join the Kalbadevi road at a particular point. Dr. Viegas had moved a further amendment favouring the adoption of the alignment as indicated by plan "D."

The Hon. Mr. Ebrahim Rahimtula in resuming the debate said the question the Corporation had to decide was whether the proposed new road should take a northerly or southerly direction and whether the proposal put forward by Mr. Mehta or by Dr. Viegas should be accepted. The Improvement Trust asked their Engineer to prepare a draft plan showing an alignment as originally recommended by the Corporation, but unfortunately it was found that that line would necessitate the demolition of five mosques. The matter was considered anew, and as it was thought that a southerly line was unsuitable it was suggested that it would be more advisable to have a northerly alignment as the road would then pass through a greater number of insanitary areas. That alignment in his opinion would be of the greatest advantage to the City.

Mr. Manmohandas Ramji moved another amendment to the effect that the Trust be asked to adopt the alignment according to plan "D" as it would open up to the direct westerly breeze Mandvie Kolliwada, which had been repeatedly represented by the health officer as most insanitary and in urgent need of more roads, better ventilation and light.

Mr. Kallandas seconded this amendment.

Mr. Gamadia asked the Commissioner to inform the Corporation, whether it was his intention to ask for an improvement scheme for Koliwada ?

The Commissioner replied that if the Corporation desired that Koliwada should be taken up as a separate scheme he would make a representation to that effect.

Mr. Gamadia then moved to add to the report a rider to the effect that the Commissioner be requested to make a representation to the City Improvement Trust in favour of the improvement of Mandvie Koliwada.

Mr. Mehta accepted the rider.

Mr. Wacha was very glad that the matter was going to be settled at the last moment by the acceptance of this rider. All this discussion was entirely owing to one defect. Had there been a comprehensive sanitary survey of the whole city whereby one scheme hung upon another this sort of difficulty would not have occured and schemes would not have been passing backward and forward, and being tinkered by the Trust and the Corporation. If this was the way in which the Improvement Trust was going to conduct its business it would never finish at all. As a representative of the Corporation he was bound to express his view that the Improvement Trust was not going in the way it ought. In the last paragraph of the report the Committee recommended that as far as possible the Improvement Trust might give attention to the grievance of the Parsee Community (Hear hear). He was not going to take any part one way or the other, either in favour of the orthodox party or the reform party in this matter. There had been a good deal of nonsence stated in Parsee papers in Gujerati and the object seemed to be to excite the religious prejudices of the ignorant classes of the Parsee community. But having viewed the ground, he thought it would be better if the Trust altered the alignment but he did not think any good would come out of Mr. Wadia's amendment, but when the subject came before the Trustees it would rest with him and others to attend to the matter.

Dr. Viegas, who had spoken at length on the previous occasion, desired to speak again on the new amendment and the rider.

The President said no new matter had been introduced by the amendment at all.

Dr. Viegas : Then sir, the amendment is out of order. Either it does introduce new matter or it cannot stand. I bow to your ruling sir, but I beg to submit—

The President : I have ruled.

Dr. Viegas : All right s

PUBLIC COMPANY MEETINGS.

CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LD.

THE twenty-sixth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company, was held yesterday afternoon at its registered office, Victoria Buildings, Parsee Bazaar Street Fort; Mr. D. J. Tata, chairman of the board of directors presided. The notice convening the meeting having been read by the secretary, the following directors' report was submitted to the meeting :—

The directors have the pleasure of laying before the shareholders their twenty-sixth annual report of the Company for the year ended 30th June last. They have also attached hereto accounts for the past year, which they hope will be found satisfactory by the shareholders looking at the adverse circumstances they had to contend with during the period. The Mills have been working satisfactory, as also the several ginning factories, and have given altogether good results. The building of the new mill has made good progress, and the machinery for the same will commence to arrive in November next. They have contributed a sum of Rs. 15,000, on behalf of the Company, to the Poor Relief Fund at Nagpur. The directors beg to call the attention of shareholders to a letter (circulated herewith) dated 24th September 1900, addressed to them by the managing director Mr. Jamsetjee Nusserwanjee Tata, in which he expresses his desire to resign from the office of managing director, and recommends that the management of the Company be placed with Messrs. Tata & Sons, as agents of the Company, on a remuneration of five per cent. commission on net profit after providing for dividend to shareholders at six per cent. per annum. The directors take this opportunity of expressing their regret on Mr. Jamsetjee Nusserwanjee Tata's resignation of the post of managing director, which he has filled so ably ever since the inauguration of the Company. But they think it a matter for congratulations that, as senior and managing partner of the firm of Messrs. Tata and Sons, he proposes to still continue to give to the shareholders the full benifit of his valuable experience and ripe judgment, which have been mainly instrumental in raising the Company to the high position it now occupies, as the best paying concern in India. They have therefore much pleasure in strongly recommending the proposal of Mr. Jamsetjee Nusserwanjee Tata and hope that the shareholders will adopt the special resolutions that will be submitted to them at an extraordinary general meeting called for that purpose. They have also taken this opportunity of re-arranging and putting into shape the memorandum and articles of association, which have undergone so many corrections since they were framed when the Company was formed in 1874, and the amended copy of which will also be submitted to the shareholders for adoption. A sum of Rs. 53,243-13-4 is carried to the credit of the Mill insurance fund account, being rateable premium on the value of all uninsured property of the Company. The sum calculated, as usual, for this year's depreciation and renewal of buildings and machinery amounts to Rs. 3,18,953. From this amount a sum of Rs. 59,895-1-1 being expenditure for repairs to buildings and machinery, has been deducted, leaving a balance of Rs. 2, 59,057-14-11, which is carried to the depreciation and renewal fund account. After deducting these and other sums the net profit for the year comes to Rs. 6,51,655-9-11, which, together with the sum Rs. 58,394-0-6, brought forward from last year's account makes up the sum of Rs. 7,00,049-10-5. Out of this Rs. 2,25,000-0-0 having been paid last May as an ad-interim dividend at the rate of Rs. 30 per share of Rs. 5000 each, and of Rs. 15 per share of Rs. 250 each, a disposable balance is now left Rs. 4,75,049-10-5. From this, the directors recommend Rs. 4,50,000 be appropriated to the payment of a final dividend at the rate of Rs. 60 per share on 3,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, and at Rs. 30 per share on 9,000 shares of Rs. 250 each, and that the balance of Rs. 25,049-10-5 be carried to next year's account. They have appointed Mr. Perojsha Dorabjee Saklatwala a director of the Company; this appointment you will be asked to confirm. Messrs. Eduljee Merwanjee Dubash and Hormusjee Eduljee Bamjee, two of the present directors, according to article 88 of your deed, retire by rotation. They are, however, eligible for re-election and offer themselves accordingly. The shareholders will further be requested to elect auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

On the motion of the chairman the above report was adopted. In addition to the ad-interim dividend of Rs. 30 per share paid in May last, a further dividend of Rs. 60 per share was declared. The meeting unanimously accorded their sanction to the payment made by the directors of Rs. 15,000 to the Poor Relief Fund at Nagpur. The appointment made by the board of Mr. Pirojsha Dorabji Saklatwala, as a director of the Company, was confirmed. Messrs. Eduji Merwanji Dubash and Hormusji Eduji Bamji, who retired by rotation, were re-elected directors of the Company. The same auditors were re-appointed and the proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

CHANGE OF AGENCY.

At the conclusion of the business before the ordinary meeting, an extraordinary meeting was held to consider the transfer of the management of the Company's affairs from Mr. Jamsetji N. Tata, the managing director, to the firm of Messrs Tata and Sons.

On the motion of Mr. Eduji Merwanji Dubash, seconded by Mr. D. R. Chichgar, the following resolution was adopted.

(1.) That the firm of Messrs. Tata & Sons of Pombay, as now constituted, or as it may be constituted hereafter during the period hereinafter next mentioned, shall be and be appointed the agents of the Company, for a period of 12 years from the 1st day of January 1901, and thereafter until such time as new agents, if any, are appointed, and their remuneration shall be a commission of 5 per cent. upon the net annual profits of the Company, after providing for all the usual outgoings, including the amount to be set aside during the year to the depreciation and renewal Fund account, provided such net profits shall also admit of a dividend to shareholders for that year of not less than 6 per cent. upon the then paid up capital of the Company, being declared, if the directors shall think fit to do so. And provided also that the agents shall be entitled to receive from the Company for their remuneration at minimum sum of Rs. 8,000 per year whether or not the Company shall have made such profits as aforesaid. And the Company shall enter into an agreement (form of which is annexed to the amended Articles as Appendix B.), with the said firm appointing them such agents.

(2.) That from and after the appointment of Messrs. Tata & Sons as agents of the Company shall have effect Mr. Jamsetjee Nusserwanjee Tata, the present Managing director of the Company, shall cease to be the manager of the Company's mill and business otherwise than as a member, if so, of the said firm, and the annual allowance of Rs. 2,000 now made to him cease.

(3.) That clause 7 of the memorandum of association of the Company, not being a condition of the constitution of the Company but being only a provision regarding the management of the Company's business, be as advised by counsel, expunged, and that clause 3 sub-clause (g) being contrary to the provisions of the Indian Company's Act, be likewise expunged.

(4) That the articles of association of the Company having been revised in view of the retirement of Mr. Jamsetjee Nusserwanjee Tata as Managing Director and the appointment of Messrs. Tata and Sons as the Company's agents, and in consequence also of the frequent alterations and amendments made therein in the past, and also for reasons of greater clearness, resolved that the revised articles be and the same are hereby adopted as the articles of the Company in future, in lieu of those now in force, and that such revised articles be printed with the memorandum of Association of the Company with clause seven and clause 3 sub-clause (g) of the latter omitted.

(5.) That if necessary one of such printed copies be filed in the Office of the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Bombay.

Mr. F. E. Davar proposed that the best thanks of the shareholders be tendered to Mr. J. N. Tata, who as managing director of the Company for a period of twenty-six years, has carried out its affairs with uuusual ability and intelligence and which has been the means of bringing the Company to its present highly prosperous condition.

Mr. D. M Mehta seconded the proposition and it was carried.

ALLIANCE COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LD.

THE eighteenth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company was held yesterday afternoon, at its registered office, Dalal Street, Fort, Mr. Vijbhucandas Atmaram presiding. The following directors' report was adopted :—

Gentlemen,—Your directors beg to lay before you their annual report with the audited balance sheets and profit and loss accounts for the year ending 30th June 1900. The scarcity of cotton with a startling famine consequent upon the failure of rain last year and the depressed condition of yarn in local and China markets together with comparatively low prices realized for cloth had a very disastrous effect on mill industry in general. Owing to the above causes your mill had to work short time and a portion had to be totally closed for a certain period of the year under report. With all these adverse circumstances your directors regret to say that the working for the year has ended in a disappointing result. Your directors have the pleasure to state that the secretaries and treasurers have again voluntarily given up the whole of their commission for the year, for which they deserve your thanks. It will appear from the accounts that the debit balance of profit and loss accounts stands at Rs. 68,375-1-8 after deducting the sum of Rs. 10,767-13-11 brought forward from last year's account. Your mill together with the local stock in trade has been insured to the extent of Rs. 13,83,000. Two of your directors Messrs. Gordhandas Sewram and Vijbhucandas Atmaram retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

Two of the directors, Messrs. Gordhandas Sewram and Vijbhucandas Atmaram, who retired by rotation were re-elected. A vote of thanks was accorded to the secretaries, treasurers and agents of the Company for giving up the whole of their commission. The same auditors were re-appointed and the meeting dispersed after paying the usual compliments to the chairman.

AHMEDABAD NEWS.

OUR Ahmedabad correspondent, writing on the 17th instant, says :—The Rev. A. H. Bowman, M.A., of Calcutta, delivered a series of lectures on Christianity, in the Mission High School, last week, when there was a very large audience to hear the lecturer. The subjects selected were :—(1) "Life's problems in the light of Christainity, (2) the incarnation of God manifest in the flesh, (3) the sinless sufferer, and (4) the resurrection of Jesus Christ the hope of the world. The lectures proved to be very instrucdive and impressive upon the hearers.

Last Wednesday, a general meeting of the Municipality was held in the Ripon Hall, to discuss the question of the salary of the Health Officer, to be appointed for the city. It is to be remembered that a requisition signed by nine members was already presented to the President. The proposition was put by Mr. Ardesir Kawasji Karanjewala and seconded by Mr. Lambert, that the salary of the Health Officer should be fixed at Rs. 300 per month and that a medical graduater, with the diploma of public health, should be preferred. The proposition was passed unanimously. Another proposition put by Mr. L. M. Wadia, was that the applications for the appointment of a mechanical engineer of the first class for the water works of the city, should be considered in the month of April next. This proposition was also assented to by the members.

Some two weeks ago, a case of police torture was tried by Mr. De Souza, the Sessions Judge, with the aid of Assessors Ramchandra Raghoba and Kanaji Manaji, the police constables of the Panch Mahal District, stood charged with causing simple hurt to the complainant in order to extort a confession of theft. The facts as put forth by the prosecution showed that in the month of June last, one Mr. Ryan formerly of the Forest Department and now an officer of the Famine Department of the Panch Mahal District, had his camp fixed in the village of Chapaner. It happened that he lost a box containing soda-water bottles of the value of five rupees. The police were immediately communicated with on the matter. Four persons of the Dhed caste, Vania, Kersonia, Mithia and Chutha, of the neighbouring village of Versada, were arrested on suspicion. It is said that all those four were subjected to beating, which resulted in the death of Chutha. Fortunately, it appeared from the medical evidence that Chutha died in consequence of having some internal disease. Hence the accused were tried under Section 330 of the Indian Penal Code, Vazirkhan, Fejukhan, the police jamadars and the three Dheds were among the witnesses for the prosecution. The statements of the accused showed that the two jamadars were the real culprits, but there was no evidence on the point adduced by the defence. Mr. Dayabhai Derasari, barrister-at-law, defended the accused. The assessors brought in a verdict of not guilty. The court has reserved its judgment.

The death-rate of the city is now actually decreasing, the total deaths during the week ending Oct. 12, were 560. The births registered during the same week were 60.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Cause.
A Upper Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	1	2	9
B Mandvi, Chukla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	5	3	33
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Panaswadi, Bhuleshwar Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	7	2	21
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Mahalukmi	0	0	4
Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	4	0	28
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	5
G Mahim and Worlee	0	1	9
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-resident and unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	1	11
Total	17	9	120
Total plague deaths to date	20,135	66,302	
Same date last year	22	19	124

PLAGUE IN POONA.

THE following are the plague returns of the Poona City from 15th to 16th instant :—

	Cases.	Deaths.
Shukurwar	4	5
Vetal	7	3
Ganj	5	3
Raviwar	15	16
Ganesh	9	3
Budhwar	5	6
Sadashiv	9	5
Narayan	5	6
Shanvar	5	5
Bhavani	7	8
Nana	14	10
Kasba	12	4
Somwar	3	2
Nibal	1	1
Mangalwar	1	0
Rasto	0	0
Ghorapade	0	0
Goltekdi	0	0
Bhamburda	0	1
Unknown	1	1
	103	78

Total mortality 84.

PASSENGERS PER S. S. HABSBURG.

THE following is a list of passengers arrived on the 17th instant, by Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Habsburg, Captain R. Mitis :—

FROM TRIESTE.

Dr Setna
Mr S D Sett
Messrs Kapadia and Kanga
Mr Rustomjee Limjee
Mr and Mrs de Convey
Mrs Williams
Mr H C Gartt
Miss R Greenfield
Miss Croruskow
Mr Fulton
Revd and Mrs Maxwell
Revd and Mrs Brandon
Mrs Sutton, child, infant and nurse
Mr S S Anderson
Mrs Money and infant
Misses Kirwan
Mrs Walter Treacher
Sister Mary Costance
Miss Gaitrell
Revd C Huttenger
Revd P Sinffendorfer
Mr Patell
Miss Reade
Mr and Mrs Gruenberg and 2 infants
Mr Tritel and child
Mr J Roscher
Revd and Mrs Charlsson
Miss Cartson
Revd Hillberg
Mr Schonert
Mrs Adele Most
Mrs J M Hunter
Mr Zellveger
Mr Hescott
Mr and Mrs Ryves
Dr R Slaughter
Mr and Mrs Park and child
Mr Vanrennen
Col Beaver
Revd Gillion and 3 companions

FROM PORT SAID.

Mr J Vidrossos
Mrs Drossos
Mr T E Thomas
Mrs A Hochstad
Mr P G Sfaella

FROM SUEZ.

Mr and Mrs Fonda
Mr Valhabady

FROM ADEN.

Mrs Habley and infant
Mr Cowasjee Sorabjee.

THE NEW PUNJAB REGIMENTS.

THE raising of two new regiments in the Punjab has enabled the Commander-in-Chief to take further steps to complete the organisation of battalions linked in groups of three. The 33rd Punjab Infantry and 40th Pathans have hitherto been attached to a couple of groups as fourth linked battalions, but their transformation from class company regiments, and the formation of the new 46th Punjab Infantry of similar caste composition, has given occasion to constitute a new group; while the addition of the new 41st Dogras to the two existing Dogra battalions completes the linking of another group. In fact there are now very few incomplete groups in the Punjab or Bengal Commands. The first and 2nd Bengal Infantry stand by themselves as the only two Brahmin class regiments and the 5th and 12th and also the 17th and 18th Bengal Infantry are four Hindustani Muhammadan class regiments linked in two groups. The authorities might if they desired bring these into line by changing the composition of the last named and linking it with the 1st and 2nd. The 35th and 36th Sikhs remain without any third link, but it may be taken for granted that if, as is very probable, more regiments are raised in the Punjab, one of them will be a class regiment of the shorter Sikhs. The 9th Gurkhas linked with the 39th Garhwal Rifles is the only incomplete group left; whether the experiment tried with this caste and its available material justifies the addition of a third battalion, when more are raised, we do not know.—*C. and M. Gazette.*

SOFT, FAIR, DELICATE SKIN ensured to those who use ROWLANDS' KALYDOR, the most cooling, soothing, healing, and curative preparation ever made. It cures and heals cutaneous eruptions, prickly heat, burns, stings of insects, removes freckles, tan, sunburn, redness and roughness, and imparts a matchless beauty to the complexion. Avoid imitations, and ask stores and chemists for ROWLANDS' KALYDOR.

SPORT IN ENGLAND.

THE CESAREWITCH.

THE Cesarewitch Stakes (a handicap) of 25 sovs each, 10 ft, and 5 sovs entrance only if declared, with 500 added; the winner of the Doncaster St. Leger to carry—if a colt 8st 12lbs, if a filly 8st 9lbs. if handicapped below such weight; winners of a race longer than a mile after September 6, at noon, value 450 sovs 5lbs, of a handicap value 900 sovs or a weight for age race value 1,200 sovs 10lbs extra; second to receive 200 sovs and the third 100 sovs; entrance 5 sovs, the only forfeit for horses struck out by Tuesday next. Cesarewitch Course (2 miles 2 furlongs 35 yards). (37 subs.)

Mr Neumann's b f Clarehaven, by Swetheart—Crosshaven, 4yrs, 7st 13lbs ..... Halsey 1
Mr J Moffat's b f Saturday, by Somerton—Lady Anne, 5yrs, 6st 2lbs ..... Heppell 2
Mr E Corrigan's Sardonic II.—5yrs, 7st 8lbs ..... Jenkins 3
Mr R A Oswald's b c Scintillant, by Sheen—Sailire, 4yrs, 8st 8lbs 4
Mr A Stedall's b c First Principle, by Freemason—Gleanara, 3yrs, 7st 3lbs 0
Sir E Vincent's b c Latheronwheel, by Sheen—Caithness, 4yrs, 6st 6lbs 0
Mr J O Sullivan's b c Berrill, by Rouge-Dragon, 4yrs, 7st 7lbs 0
Mr Faie's b g Cutaway, by Breadknife—Gipsy Anne, 3yrs 7st 0
Mr L de Rothschild's b c Chosen, by Donovan—St Bride 4yrs, 7st 6lbs 0
Lord Farquhar's b f Reminiscence, by Carlton—Recollection, 4yrs, 7st 11lbs 0
Mr A M Singer's ch c Sateur, by Xantraille—Licentious, 4yrs, 6st 9lbs 0
Mr Oppenheim's ch f Emily Melton, by Melton—Sundew, 3yrs, 6st 5lbs 0
Lord Dunraven's b g Sea Foam, by Kirkham—Cold Wave, 5yrs, 7st 9lbs 0
Mr William Beresford's b g Jolly Tar, by The Sailor Prince—Joy, 4yrs, 8st 3lbs 0
Sir E Cassel's b f Gadily, by Hampton—Merry Duchess, 4yrs, 7st 6lbs 0
Mr P W Roberts's br f Zagiga, by Morion—Solesky, 3yrs, 7st 2lbs 0
Count Bruno de Bolsegelin's Armateur, by Le Pompon—Arlequine, 3yrs, 8st 0
Mr F Sclf's br c Sir Reginald, by Hagiscope—Empress Maud, 4yrs, 6st 7lbs 0
Mr H C White's b c Skopos, by St Serf—Stethascope, 4yrs, 7st 12lbs 0
Mr Ernest Dresden's br c Politeus, by Sansonet—La Vienne, 3yrs, 6st 3lbs 0
Mr W M G Singer's Zanitza,—4yrs, 6st 4lbs 0

(Winner trained by Mr. Gilpin.)

Betting: 6 to against Clarehaven, 100 to 1 Saturday, 25 to 1 Sardotic II, 5 to 1 Zagiga.

Won by six lenngths; half a length between second and third.

THE MIDDLE PARK PLATE.

The Middle Park Plate of 500 sovs, added to a sweepstakes of 30sovs each 20 ft, for two-year-olds, colts 8st 10lb; fillies 8st 7lb; winners of a race value 500 sovs to carry 4lb; of one value 1 000 sovs 7lb extra; the second horse to receive 200 sovs, and the third 100 sovs out of the stakes; entrance 5 sovs; the surplus entrance money to be divided between the second and third; Bretby Stakes Course.—114 subs. Closed Oct 31, 1899.

Mr T Simpson Jay's ch c Floriform, by Florizel II—Maid of Athol ..... Cannon 1
Mr H J King's br c Orchid, by Orme—Musley Maid ..... Sloan 2
Capt Eustace Loder's ch c Star Shoot, by Isinglass—Astrology ..... Reiff 3
Sir J Blundell Maples' ch c Lord Bobs, by Bend Or—Silver Sea 0
Mr J B Joel's be Kilcheran, by Kilwarlin—Kmita 0
Capt E W Baird's br c St Monans, by St Simon—Paloma 0
Mr L Brassey's b c Chorister, by St Serf—Melody 0
Sir Eric Cassel's b f Flour L'Ete, D St Florian—Summersdale 0
Mr P Lorrillard's b c Hamilcar, by Sensation—Hope III 0

(Winner trained by T. Cannon, Jr.)

Betting: 100 to 8 against Floriform, 7 to 4 Orchid, 5 to 1 Star Shoot.

Won by a neck; a head between second and third.—*Asian.*

A STATE BANK FOR INDIA.

ACCORDING to the speech of the Hon. Mr. Moses, the chairman at the meeting of the Bank of Bombay, the objection to the absorption of the Indian Presidency Banks into one huge institution has in no way lost ground. Every advantage that is put forward in support of the one-bank scheme could be secured by the existing banks if the Indian Government would only treat them fairly, and it is questionable whether the expected benefits would accrue to the projected institution, because the Indian Government does not appear to be prepared to grant it that support which a State Bank should expect. In view of these circumstances Mr. Moses put the question pertinently before his share-holders in this form : "Are the advantages to be derived from dealing with the securities of a few small bodies, like assisted Railway Companies and District Boards, and from the power to borrow in London, a sufficient inducement for us to merge ourselves into a large and cumbrous institution?" No answer was attempted to this question, for the simple reason that the shareholders were doubtless of one opinion upon the point. It should not be forgotten that the scheme of the Government not only implies the amalgamation of the three Presidency banks, but a huge increase in their nominal paid-up capital which would involve the earning of very much larger profits in order to provide reasonable dividends and the setting aside of fair sums to reserve. Let us hope the general impression that the scheme has been hopelessly shelved will prove to be correct, and in that case the Indian Government might turn its attention to the less ombitious task of reforming its methods so as to diminish the disturbance which its operations so often bring upon the Indian Money Markets. If surplus balances were rendered available to the market, and the cast-iron restrictions placed upon the operations of the Presidency Banks were removed, it is possible that far more would be effected than by any newfangled institution with an overwhelming mass of paper capital —"Investors' Review."

THE OLD THAMES STEAMBOATS.

DISCUSSING the history of the Thames passenger steamboats services, the "Engineer" says that as regards the river steamboat passenger traffic, little was done in the above-bridge service till 1830. This was in a measure due to the ruinous condition of the then existing London Bridge, which for many years had been a serious impediment to the navigation of the river, the bridge having been in existence since the reign of Henry the Second. On the 1st of May, 1820, a petition was presented to the House of Commons by those connected with floating craft, complaining that out of the 19 arches of which the bridge consisted, only two were navigable, and praying for the construcion of a new one. This petition was subsequently referred to a committee appointed by the House to inquire into the state of the bridge, and the present structure was commenced in 1825. In 1820 there were only two boats running to Richmond, the London and the Diana, the largest of which—the London—built by Searle, of Westminster, of oak, was 85ft. long on the keel and 14ft. beam. She was fitted by the Buttricy Company with a single engine of 14 horse-power of the Grasshopper type, and engine which was claimed to combine the advantages of the bell-crank and regular beam engine. It was placed on the middle line of the vessel, with a long, narrow flue boiler on either side of it. There were friction clutches on the paddle shaft, enabling the wheels to be worked either together or independently. The uptakes of the two boilers led into one funnel, which was jointed at its base for lowering when passing under a bridge. One of these boats left London for Richmond every morning during the season, and returned in the evening; the other left at 3 p.m., and Richmond at 8-30 a.m. On their being put on the up-river passenger service, the London watermen tried to suppress them on the ground of a breach of their asserted exclusive right to carry passengers on the Thames. But they reckoned without their host. The steamboat owners had a friend at Court, for the attempt of the watermen was foiled by the City Remembrancer, who was the earliest patron and most liberal friend of the London and Richmond steamboats.

THIS year the inhabitants of Oberammergau have done exceptionally well. According to the "Menestrel," the receipts of the theatre will exceed £80,000, a fair share of which will be divided among them. Besides the profits derived from the board and lodging of visitors, they have made handsome sums by the sale of all sorts of souvenirs. £8,000 worth of pictorial post cards were sold, 170,000 rosaries "blessed" at the convent of Ettal, 150,000 pictures of the Last Supper, and an incalculable number of carved wooden articles, chiefly representations of Christ or the Crucifixion. The manufacture of the latter is an old local industry, but this year the demand was so great that the woodcarver of the Tyrol had to be appealed to in order to replenish exhausted stocks. The potter poet, Anton Lang, who takes the part of Christ in the Passion Play, is said to have reaped a golden harvest from the sale of autograph poems, many of which were written "while you wait" beneath the eye of exacting lady admirers. Herr Lang had an offer from an American impresario for a tour in the States with his entire company, but was obliged to decline it, owing to the restrictions imposed by the constitution of the theatre. He is understood, however, to have accepted the invitation of a wealthy American family to cross the Atlantic, "that he may rest after the fatigues of the Oberammergau season."

ANGLOPHOBIA.

"GOING to Paris!" exclaimed a lady "Why, my dear, you will be murdered in the streets and insulted at your hotel." Then followed so many instances of intolerable insults suffered this year by English people in Paris, that my heart—never a strong one—failed me utterly. "I will buy a brimless-top-hat," said I, "cut my hair close, tie a huge cravat over my waistcoat and walk the boulevards shrugging my shoulders and gesticulating with my hands." But second thoughts led to the abandonment of this idea. "What!" cried I, "go among a polite people in disguise, ashamed of my country, ashamed of my nationality? Perish the thought!" With the last exclamation I tugged the strap of my portmanteau a hole tighter, kissed my family on both cheeks, and started on my journey to the land of angered France.

Now, these warnings had their good effect coupled with Mr. Spencer Wilkinson's conversation concerning a possible invasion of England by the French, they suggested to my mind the idea of studying Anglo-phobia on its native soil and judging for myself how we stand at the present moment with our next door neighbour. My first step in carrying out this plan led me into the Rue de Seins where M. Yves Guyot, true patriot and man of wisdom, rests from his labours as political editor of "Le Siecle," in the Rue de la Grange Bateliere.

"You have improved in your French, no?" said M. Guyot, coming into the book-lined room.

"Sir," quoth I, "it has taken me ten minutes to learn on which floor of this house lives its most distinguished inmate."

"Say no more. Sit. I will use English. You are long in Paris?"

"A few days" said I; "and I came with fear and trembling, hearin' that my countrymen, and even my countrywomen, were insulted in the streets."

"You can be quiet," said M. Guyot, reassuringly, "I have seen many English since three months, and nobody, man or woman, was injured or boycotted. Do fear nothing."

"But is not Anglophobia worse this year than it has ever been before?" I asked.

M. Guyot drew his chair close to mine, after the manner of a doctor about to question a patient placed his hands upon his knees, arms akimbo, and thus made answer. In a quiet voice, the tone Lord Salisbury employes when he is most impressive, "Anglophobia in Paris is an attitude—only an attitude. You understand me? An attitude! a pose.

PARISIAN ANGLOPHOBES ARE POSEURS.

Just now it is very fashionable, but the fashion is variable. It is not dangerous; this attitude. European Anglophobia is another thing. Here, in Paris, a man must be Anglophobe to be patriot. You see the position. If you are Anglophil you are an enemy of France! Thousands and thousands do not know why they should hate the English, but they must be patriot, and so they are Anglophobes. Now, this feeling—do I annoy, weary you, M. Beghie?—very well, then; this feeling has grown of late. Why? Dreyfus, Fashods, Transvaal, I am speaking of Anglophobia as an attitude, not the European Anglophobia—that later. English newspapers were Dreyfusard, therefore England was conspiring against the Republic, Fashoda, England was goading France to war, was insulting the nation. All the Anglophobe journals here took that view. England did not want Fashoda, she wanted to insult France It seemed so reasonable; who could doubt it? The Transvaal; you are a big nation, the Boers are a little; that is enough!" M. Guyot twisted the point of his grey beard passed the other hand over his wiry white hair, and beamed. They do not read the arguments; they do not know facts of it; no, no facts as all. The only thing that you say, they make reply "Kruger asked for arbitration. England refused." That is enough for them. And I tell you no secret when I say that Dr. Leyds and his agent here have been very busy. Their influence—of what nature it is I do not presume to say, my feelings for my journalistic brot hers are too strong—their influence, my dear sir, has been, and is now very great with many of our newspaper. Dr. Leyds is a mighty power in journalism, which means, you will understand, a great deal, very much."

He paused and looked at me a moment as if about to snake some important disclosure. Seeing in my eyes a passionate longing to wring the neck of Dr. Leyds, he evidently thought it wiser not to trust me. He rose, closed the windows on the noise of the streets, and returned to his chair.

THIS IS ANGLOPHOBIA—AN ATTITUDE.

"We in France have had our troubles with colonies and we are not sorry to see that you have yours to. The Transvaal crisis has pleased many who were too often invited by English journalists to compare our colonies with England's colonies. But this is Anglophobia—an attitude. The fashion in that may change, for we are a little—what you call it variable—variable, that is the word. Yes, the French are just a little variable."

"I was told," said I, "and by a woman of great observation, that France's enmity towards Germany In '70 and '71 was nothing as compared with her present feeling towards England."

"True, and not true. The organisation of Anglophobia is to-day greater, much greater, very much greater. And now we reach the Anglophobia that is European. Let me tell you. European Anglophobia is well organized. It is clerical. You are hated by the Jesuits with a hatred, my dear sir, that will never die, never go away. The Jesuit journals are Anglophobe, and nothing else. Nothing you can do will alter that. Always you are hated by the Jesuits. 'Le clericalisme! It is not a fashion, not an attitude, not variable. Oh, no! England has for its eternal enemy in all its politics the Jesuits. Make up your mind that it is so."

I pause here to commend this utterance of a very sagacious man to those English Churchmen who talk piously of Reunion. May the extreme Ritualistic curate never play a more important part in English politics than he does at present! How altogether silly is that modern contempt of the word "Protestant"!

"Then," continued M. Guyot, you are hatred by the Protectionists. You are Free Trade; your policy is the Open Door. We are Protectionists; our policy the Shut Door. We do not benefit by your Open Door, because France can only trade with wealthy nations. Our goods are the best, and the dearest. We cannot send the porcelain of Sevres and the silk of Lyons to the Soudan! So it is said, the policy of the Open Door is bad for French trade. You have then the clerical and Protectionist forces against you always. The reactionaries are Anglophobe. The other, the noisy Anglophin of Paris, that is merely a fashion."

As he spoke I considered what manner of man this was. Here, thought I, is a Frenchman championing the cause of freedom in a country where the political power of the priest counts for much; advocating England's enlightened policy in trade in a land where the name of England is synonymous with treason to the Republic; defending England against the attacks of Dr. Leyds's press in the midst of a city that shouts itself hoarse at every disaster to British arms.

"M. Guyot," said I, "my country owes you a debt of gratitude. I fear, wever, it is

ONE OF THOSE DEBTS THAT CANNOT BE DISCHARGED

in this world; I can only hope that your devotion to truth in the matter of the Transvaal war, for instance, has not cost you many friends in France?"

M. Guyot rose with me and shook my hand.

"It is very curious," he said, "that Le Siecle has lost many readers "among Protestants" because of its anti-Boer policy. That is very curious. But I have received many letters, a great many letters, since the publication of my pamphlet on the war saying 'You are right and I was wrong'; I am glad you have converted me to the truth. That is most satisfactory. But it is curious that Protestants should have left us, very curious."

M. Guyot, tall and of powertul build, with keen flashing eyes and the manner of a man who fights for truth without a care for the consequences, smiled as he said these words. I could not help thinking at at that moment of the journalists in London who ard doing all in their power to strengthen the hands of England's enemies.

"You are a very successful nation," said M. Guyot, at the door, "and you will always be envied, as akin to hatred. European Anglophobia will never abate while you continue to be so successful. But you may come to Paris and enjoy our beautiful Exposition without fea of insult or harm to the body. Many French people love English people, and your best English people may do much to establish friendly feeling between the two nations. Individually we can be the best of neighbours. But nothing that your statesmen can do will make the Jesuit your friend. There is the whole question. Against you are arrayed, always, always, the whole forces of "le-clericalisme."

"More power to your elbow," cried I, "in fighting le clericalisme!"

M. Guyot looked perplexed. "An idiom. You must say it in French," said he.

"Le bon Dieu vous benisse," quoth I, and I walked up the Boulevard St. Germain reflecting on Courage.—Harold Begrie, in the "Westminster Gazette."

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BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, October 18.)

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

THE services of Lieut J B Keogh 2nd Bo Lancers are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of India in the Military Dept with effect from the 16th Sept.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr C G Dodgson I C S to be Political Agent Aundh vice Mr R Knight I C S.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr E Lawrence B A Oxon I C S on return to duty to be Political Agent for the Dangs in the Khandesh Dist vice Mr G Carmichael I C S proceeding on leave.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J McNeill I C S to act as Political Agent Bhor vice Mr A Cumine I C S.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr A C Wild I C S to be Asst Political Agent Savanur vice Mr A S A Westropp I C S proceeded on leave.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Lieut R J C Burke to act as Asst Political Supt and ex officio Supt of Police Palanpur.

The Governor in Council is further pleased to empower Rao Bahadur R S Baitmangalkar to try in a summeary way all the offences mentioned or referred to in Sec 100 of the same Code.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased under Sec 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898 to invest Mr A W G Chuckerbutty I C S Mr W H J Wilkinson I C S Capt G C Sartorius and Rao Bahadur S N Joglekar Magisrates of the first class in the district of Ahmednager with additional power specified.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

The Hon Mr F S P Lely I C S Commissioner N D is granted privilege leave of absence for one month and seven days.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—Mr M C Gibb L L B Cantab I C S to be Senior Collr vice Mr W P Symonds I C S; Mr J W A Weir I C S to be Junior Collr vice Mr A C Logan I C S; and Mr R B Stewart M A Oxon I C S to be Junior Collector vice Mr M Gibb I C S.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that Mr C S Mc-Kenzie should be under the orders of Mr A G Edie in the East Khandesh Forest Division from the date of this Notification.

Mr A D Brown I C S has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments vice Mr Jehangir Desabhai Framji Barat-Law whose lien on his substantive appointment has been suspended : Mr W E Young to be Collector of Customs and Salt Revenue in Sind.

Mr W Almon to be First Asst Collr of Customs, Bombay; Mr H Crawford to be Second Asst Collr of Customs Bombay Mr Rustam P Jehangir to be Third Asst Collr of Customs Bombay; Khan Bahadur Fazlullah Lutfullah to be Fourth Asst Collr of Customs Bombay; Mr R Maidment to be Fifth Asst Collr of Customs Bombay; and Mr F A Ingle to be Sixth Asst Collr of Customs Bombay; Mr H Richman reverting to his appointment in the Salt Dept Mr H F Bray son Dist Depty Collr Karachi has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr A L M Wood, I C S to act as Collr and Dist Registrar Panch Mahals and to be member and President of the Local Board established for the Panch Mahals Dist pending relief by Mr McNeill or until further orders.

FAMINE DEPARTMENT.

Lieut H Tatum 9th Regt of Bombay Infy employed on Famine duty under the Collr of Ahmedabad was granted general leave on account of sickness from 31st May to 26th June both days inclusive.

The services of the undermentioned officers which were placed at the disposal of this Government for Famine duty are replaced at the disposal of the Govt of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture :—Capt H N Reeve 7th Regt of Bombay Lancers (Baluch Horse); Lieuts H Tatum and A H E Mosse, 9th Regt of Infy; and Lieuts A A McHarg R E and M O'C Tandy, R E Asst Supts second grade

MARINE DEPARTMENT

N N de Vida

PURELY PERSONAL.

Your remarks about the Queen's nerves having been shaken by the war (writes a well-informed contributor to M. A. P.) are but too true. When Her Majesty visited Woolwich early in the present year, orders were given that not only was there to be no salute fired, but no band was to perform on her arrival, and the soldiers were desired not to cheer until the Queen was actually settled in the carriage which conveyed her to the hospital. To those familiar with the enthusiastic shouts which usually greet her, there was something very strange in the almost death-like silence that prevailed, as the Queen, assisted, indeed I may say supported, by her Indian attendant, walked from the train to the carriage in waiting.

Readtng your interesting account of Prince Henry of Prussia's stay at Hong Kong, reminds me (writes a correspondent), of an incident related to me by a captain of a British trading steamer sailing out of Hong Kong. One day as he was walking round the graving dock in which the Prince's flagship was being brushed up, he saw an officer standing near the gangway leading from the quay to the ship, and, being curious to have a look over the vessel, he saluted with a "Good-morning, sir," and asked if he had any objection to his having a walk through the ship.

"Not at all," replied the officer; "I shall be delighted to escort you round."

After showing him over the different parts of the warship, the officer took the captain into his cabin. He offered him a cigar and a glass of wine, and they had quite a friendly chat together. Before leaving, the captain hapened to glance round the cabin, and saw a photo of the Queen. Said he to the officer.

"I notice you have a photograph of the Queen of England."

"Yes," answered the officer "I always carry one of my grandmother's pictures with me.'

What the captain's feelings were when he found he had been "encamaraderie" with the Admiral, Prince Henry of Prussia, can be better imagined than described.

"Apropos," of the paragraph I gave in last issue of the German showman's experiences of the law of "lese majeste" I remember hearing the following story for the truth of which, however, I would not like to vouch. An officer in the German Army passing along a street in Berlin with a friend, made a ramark about, "the d—d fool of an Emperor." He was immediately arrested by a vigilant policeman. He attempted to get out of the difficulty by explaining that he referred to the Emperor of Russia. "That won't do," said the policeman, "I know very well you meant the German Emperor; there is no other Emperor you possibly could mean!"

Lord Salisbury has been greatly benefited by his so journ on the Continent, and looks wonderfully well. Ever since his return Hatfield House has been the Mecca for a stream of Foreign Office messengers. Lord. Salisbury, under medical advice, has been taking carriage exercise with Lady Gwendolen Cecil every day, and messengers who have arrived while his lordship has been out have had to wait until his return, no matter how important the dispatches. The other Saturday he might be seen trying to kill a considerable portion of time by watching the progress of a cricket match played by the local club in the park.

The day (writes "A Painter's Youngest Daughter") that the Commander-in-Chief came to the studio he appeared in ordinary civilian dress and frock coat—quite a disappointment to me, for, with feminine logic, I had most unreasonably expected scarlet and plumes! Altogether he was quite disturbing; he was so different from what I expected he would be; he did not look or talk like the man I had planned in my mind. When not looking at him you thought you were listening to an enthusiatic art student. Of course when you opened your eyes you realised that he was not a bit of a dreamy *dilettante*, but a keen, very wide-awake, soldierly man. But it was quite a long time before his appearance and conversation seemed to blend. In the middle of some brilliant description of Pekin or a string of funny stories told him by Jimmy Whistler I had to keep pinching myself and say "This is the Commander-in-Chief!"

An unrecorded fact relating to the Sepoy Mutiny is that Colonel Dunbar Douglas Muter, the husband of the lady recently mentioned as the first Englishwoman to enter Pekin, actually gave the first word of command in that memorable struggle. He was a junior captain in the 1st Battalion 60th Royal Rifles, when, on the evening of Sunday, May 10th, 1857, that regiment was mustering for Divine service. On hearing that the Sepoys had mutinied he instantly despatched to the Kutchery, in the bazaar his own company of the Rifles to preserve the Treasury and the records. They arrived just as the strong native guard (double their number) had turned out irresolute what course to take. This Lieut. Austin settled for them for halting his company in their front the ordered them to ground arms and locked them up while all night the howls continued of the disappointed mobwho found the treasury beyond their grap. This was the first action taken in the Mutiny, and one that secured the regular distribution of pay in the Meerut District during the whole time of disturbance. Colonel Muter is now one of the Military Knights at Windsor.

It is not generally known that at the time of the outbreak at Meerut, and during the whole critical period of the Siege of Delhi, there were no newspaper correspondents with the field force, as was the case with Cawnpore and Lucknow. Hence the trials there were fully recorded, while but little is accurately known of what occurred before Delhi, or of the week's street-fighting after the Cashmere Gates were blown in, and before the Palace of the Emperor was reached. Perhaps the most graphic details of this historic struggle, as well as of the position and description of the Tartar and Chinese cities of Pekin, are given in the two volumes published by Mrs. Muter after her return from China.

How many are aware that Mr. Bennet Burleigh, the distinguished war correspondent held a lieutenant's commission in the Confederate States Navy during the American war of secession? He did some gallant service round York Town, in Virginia, blowing up one of the Federal gunboats and effecting other good work for the South, and was spoken of by all who knew him as a dashing officer. In 1867 he had some thought of organising an expedition to assist theCretans, and he and Mac Ive that veteren free lance who served under fourteen different flags at one time and another, actnally put their heads together with that intent. But at Glasgow, which they had made their head centre, the Turkish Consul kept too sharp an eye on them, and before they could carry out their plans the insurrection had been quelled.

This same "General" MacIver, who saw service in so many lands, used to speak in glowing terms of the "sangfroid" under fire of John Augustus O'Shea, another great war correspondent in his day whose long deferred autobiography will shortly appear in M. A. P., as one of a series of "In the Days of My Youth" articles, from the pens of such brilliant "specials" as Frederic Villiers, E. F. Knight, Seppings Wright, Caton Woodville, and others, which will enliven these pages between this and Christmas. They were out in Spain all through the Carlist War. The "General," who has long since disappeared from the scene, used to relate how the famous "Special" of the "Standard," whilst the bullets were zipping around him, would go on with his writing as placidly as if he were walking up Fleet Street or along the Strand.

Lord Wolseley talked a great deal of China which he thinks will one day be the leading nation, because of her love of Nature and all things artistically beautiful; with this background of art Lord Wolseley considers that China must develop into a great nation. The end of all things, in his opinion, will be China fighting with the United States for supremacy. "Why he said "every coolie in China is an artist." He talked of many great men; he talked of Mr. Cecil Rhodes whom he considers one of the greatest men of our time he talked of Mr. Whistler as being one of the most brilliant story tellers he has ever met; and he described some of those celebrated breakfasts of his at the White House. When he attended these breakfasts he told us he was always hurried off to the etching room to be etched. This went on constantly but somehow he never seemed to see any results!

Mrs Walford has written one little play at least—a pretty childrens thing—which is well known to society, and her taste in stage management is most excellent. With the Colonel, she was mainly instrumental in getting up a "swell" amateur performance of that old favourite, "A Scrap of Paper," at the Theatre Royal, Plymouth, last winter, on behalf of the War Fund. She acts very well, and, through her energy, a large sum was netted for the cause she had at heart.

THE AGE OF INQUIRY.

The present has been described as pre-eminently the century of inquiry.

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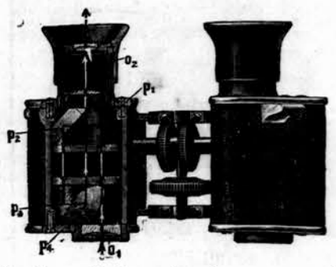

Section of glass showing course of Rays of Light through the Prisms.

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Length of old Style Telescopic Binocular.

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AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co. 30, Cornhill, E.C.; Messrs. KEYMER & Co., 1, Whitefriars Street London, E.C.—Paris: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER SPINK & Co.